

KCSE MOCKS HISTORY

SET 2

FOR MARKING SCHEMES
CALL/WHATSAPP
0705525657

MOCK TRIALS 1-15

*A COMPILATION OF HISTORY MOCKS
IDEAL IN KCSE REVISION PURPOSES*

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KCSE MOCK TRIAL 1

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Paper 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Answer All the Questions in This Section

1. Give **two** ways in which archeologists identify a pre-historic site. (2 marks)

2. Identify **one** natural factor that caused the Abagusii to migrate from Mt.Elgon to their present homeland. (1 mark)

3. State the **main** factor that contributed to the growth of city states along the Kenyan coast before 1500AD. (1 mark)

4. Name the winds that aided the early visitors to come to Kenya coast upto 1500AD. (1 mark)

5. Give **two** peaceful methods of resolving conflicts in Kenya. (2 marks)

6. State **two** ways in which direct democracy is exercised in Kenya. (2 marks)

7. Identify **two** education commissions established in Kenya before independence. (2 marks)

8. Name the body that made laws of Kenya during the colonial period. (1 mark)

9. Outline **two** problems experienced by political associations in Kenya upto 1939. (2 marks)

10. Define promulgation. (1 mark)

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11. Give **two** methods used by the British to administer the Kenya colony between 1920 -1963. (2 marks)

12. Give **two** ways in which colonial land policy undermined African farming. (2 marks)

13. Who formed the Kenya People's Union (KPU) in 1960? (1 mark)

14. What was the **main** contribution of Prof. Wangari Maathai to development of Kenya? (1 mark)

15. Give **two** qualifications that a person must fulfill in order to be allowed to register as a voter in Kenya. (2 marks)

16. Identify **one** house of the Kenya parliament. (1 mark)

17. Name **one** branch of the national police service in Kenya. (1 mark)

SECTION B: 45 MARKS

Answer Any Three Questions.

18. (a) State **five** economic activities of the Agikuyu during pre-colonial period. (5 marks)
(b) Describe the political organization of the Maasai during the pre-colonial period (10 marks)

19. (a) State **five** reasons for the coming of the Portuguese to Kenyan coast in the 15th Century. (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** effects of the Portuguese rule on East African Coast. (10 marks)

20. (a) State **five** political developments between 1945 and 1963 which hastened the attainment of independence in Kenya. (5 marks)
(b) Explain the roles played by the Kenya Federation of Labour during the colonial period. (10 marks)

21. (a) Identify **three** pillars of Nyayoism. (3 marks)
(b) Explain **six** ways in which Harambee has promoted education in Kenya. (12 marks)

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SECTION C: 30 MARKS

Answer Any Two Questions in this Section.

22. (a) Give **three** circumstances in which one's right to life may be taken away. (3 marks)
(b) Explain **six** reasons why it is important to respect human rights. (12 marks)
23. (a) Name **five** functions of the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission of Kenya. (5 marks)
(b) Explain how judicial independence is promoted in Kenya. (10 marks)
24. (a) Identify **five** stages in preparation of the National Budget in Kenya. (5 marks)
(b) Explain why it is important for the government of Kenya to prepare the National Budget annually. (10 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 1

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Answer All the Questions in This Section

1. Name **one** source of information on the creation theory of man. (1 mark)

2. Identify two artifact that can be found in archeological site (2 marks)

3. State two ways in which agriculture spread in Africa. (2 marks)

4. Give the main form of transport used during the Trans-Saharan trade. (1 mark)

5. Identify one way in which HIV/AIDS affects industrialization. (1 mark)

6. Outline two social functions of the ancient city of Athens in Greece (2 marks)

7. State two economic activities of Shona during the pre-colonial period. (2 marks)

8. Give two social reasons which made the European countries to scramble for colonies in Africa. (2 marks)

9. State one way in which Ndebele benefited after British Ndebele war (1893-1896) (1 mark)

10. Identify one political reform introduced by President Fredrik De Klerk that led to the achievement of black majority rule in South Africa. (1 mark)

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11. Name the system of administration introduced by the French after the assimilation policy. (1 mark)

12. Identify the main reason why many nations of the world turn against Germany during the First World War. (1 mark)

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13. Highlight two social effects of the First World War. (2 marks)

14. Name two nations which were placed under the League of Nations after the end of World War. (2 marks)

15. Outline two duties of the United Nations Secretariat. (2 marks)

16. Name one superpower nation that was involved in cold war. (1 mark)

17. Give the main reason for the formation of non-aligned movement. (1 mark)

SECTION B: 45 MARKS

*Answer Any **Three** Questions in This Section*

18. (a) Highlight **five** changes which marked the Agrarian Revolution in Britain. (5 marks)

(b) Discuss **five** effects of the Agrarian Revolution in the United States of America. (10 marks)

19. (a) Outline **five** methods which were used by the Europeans to acquire colonies in Africa. (5 marks)

(b) Explain **five** reasons why Africans were defeated during the Maji Maji rebellion. (10 marks)

20. (a) Outline **three** reasons why the policy of assimilation was easily applied in the four communes of Senegal. (3 marks)

(b) Explain **six** effects of the British direct rule in Zimbabwe. (12 marks)

21. (a) Outline **five** characteristics of the commonwealth nations. (5 marks)

(b) Discuss **five** reasons why PAN-AFRICAN movement had not established itself in Africa well before 1945. (10 marks)

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SECTION C: 30 MARKS

Answer Any Two Questions from This Section

22. (a) Give **three** functions of the Kabaka of Buganda Kingdom during the pre-colonial period. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the political organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial period. (12 marks)
23. (a) Identify **five** weapons used during the cold war. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** causes of the cold war. (10 marks)
24. (a) State **three** ways in which one can qualify as a member of the House of Lords in Britain. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe **six** duties of the Prime Minister of Britain. (12 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 2

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A 25MARKS

Answer all the questions in this section

1. Give **two** unwritten sources of information on history and government. 2mks)
2. Identify **one** community in Kenya which belongs to the Southern Cushitic group. 1mk)
3. State **two** religious functions of the Orkoiyot among the Nandi 2mks)
4. State the **main** factor that contributed to the growth of city states along the Kenyan coast before 1500 AD 1mk)
5. Name some of the missionary groups which were involved in spreading of Christianity in Kenya in the 19th and 20th century 2mks)
6. Give **two** factors that enabled the early visitors to come to Kenyan coast by 1500 AD 2mks)
7. Give **one** reason why the government of Kenya may limit a person freedom of speech 1mk)
8. Identify **two** political causes of conflicts in Kenya 2mks)
9. State **two** factors that determine the constitution to be adopted by a country 2mks)
10. Give **one** reason why the constitution is important in Kenya 1mk)

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11. Name **one** group that monitors human rights in Kenya 1mk)
12. Give **one** reason why some Kenyan communities collaborated during the colonial period 1mk)
13. Give the **main** reason why the colonial government created African reserves in Kenya 1mk)
14. Name the leader of the chartered company which administered the Kenyan colony 1mk)
15. Give **one** challenge facing multiparty democracy in Kenya 1mk)
16. Identify **two** external sources of revenue for national government in Kenya 2mks)
17. Give **two** disadvantages of Kenya's reliance on foreign aid as a source of revenue 2mks)

SECTION B 45 MARKS

Answer any three questions from this section

- 18a) Give **five** reasons which led to the migration of the Cushites from their original homeland into Kenya during the pre-colonial period 5mks)
- b) Explain **five** results of the interaction between Bantu and the Cushites in the pre-colonial period 10mks)
- 19a) State **five** problems experienced by the imperial British East African Company in Kenya 5mks)
- b) Explain the effects of land alienation in Kenya during the colonial period 10mks)
- 20a) Give **three** terms of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923 3mks)
- b) Explain the role played by women in the struggle for independence in Kenya 12mks)

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21a) State **five** ways in which the government of Kenya has improved the health of its citizens since independence (5mks)

b) Explain **five** challenges facing the agricultural sector in Kenya today (10mks)

SECTION C 30MKS

Answer any two questions in the section

22a) Give **five** rights of a citizen in Kenya (5mks)

b) Explain **five** values of a good citizen (10mks)

23a) Give **three** reasons that can make the parliament in Kenya to be dissolved (3mks)

b) Explain **six** functions of the National assembly in Kenya (12mks)

24a) Give the composition of County Assembly in Kenya (3mks)

b) Explain **six** functions of County government in Kenya (12mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 2

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A 25 MARKS

Answer all questions in this section

1. List **two** methods used by elders to pass information to the young generation on history and government in traditional African communities (2mks)
2. Name the **oldest** hominid in the stages of evolution of man (1mk)
3. Outline **two** non environmental reasons for the domestication of crops and animals by early man (2mks)
4. Identify the **greatest** contribution of Michael Faraday in the field of science (1mk)
5. Outline **two** roles played by the middlemen during the Trans-Atlantic trade (2mks)
6. Give the **main** use of steam power during industrial revolution in Europe (1mk)
7. Identify the **main** method of trade in Africa during the pre-colonial period (1mk)
8. State **two** advantages of using fire and smoke signals to pass messages in traditional societies (2mks)

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9. State **one** way in which the city of Cairo was influenced by river Nile 1mk)
10. Identify **one** symbol of national unity in Shona Kingdom during the pre colonial period 1mk)
11. Identify **two** European activities in African during the 19th century 2mks
12. Name **two** communities that took part in the maji maji rebellion in Tanganyika 2mks)
13. Identify **two** similar methods used to recruit African labour in the British and French colonies in Africa 2mks)
14. Name the political party that led Ghana to independence from Britain in 1957 1mk)
15. State the country that was blamed for the outbreak of the first world war 1mk)
16. Identify **one** Germany colony in West Africa 1mk)
17. Identify **two** permanent members of the security council of the united nations organization 2mks)

SECTION B 45 MARKS

Answer any three questions in this section

18a) State ways in which the development of the upright posture improved the early man's way of life (5mks)

b) Describe the way of life of early human beings during the middle stone age period (10mks)

19a) Give **three** developments that have taken place in road transport system since 1950 (3mks)

b) Explain ways through which the invention of the railway speeded up industrialization in Europe (12mks)

20a) Give **three** functions of Lukiko in the kingdom of Buganda during the pre-colonial period (3mks)

b) Explain **six** factors that led to the growth of the Asante empire by the 19th century (12mks)

21a) State **five** factors that led to the development of African nationalism in Ghana (5mks)

b) Describe the problems which undermined the activities of nationalists in Mozambique (10mks)

SECTION C 30 MKS

Answer any two questions in this section

22a) Identify **five** main organs of the United Nations Organization (5mks)

b) Explain **five** ways through which the United Nation promotes peace in the world (10mks)

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23a) Give **three** political changes introduced by Mobutu Seseko which led to dictatorship in democratic republic of Congo 3mks)

b) Describe **six** social developments that have taken place in Tanzania since independence 12mks)

24a) Give **three** categories of the members of parliament in Britain 3mks)

b) Explain **six** functions of the cabinet in India 12mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 3

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

1. Name the Pre-historic site in Kenya where the Kenyapithecus fossil was discovered.
(1 mk)
2. State two economic activities which the maasai acquired as a result of the interaction with the Agikuyu during their settlement in Kenya.
(2 mks)
3. What was the base of the political organization of the Iteso during the Pre-colonial period.
(1 mk)
4. State the main importance of the Devonshire White paper in 1923 on Africans.
(1 mk)
5. Name one woman who actively participated in mau mau war.
(1 mk)
6. Give two reasons why the Omani rulers were interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan Coast.
(2 mks)
7. Give two reasons for the establishment of local native councils (LNC) during colonial period.(1 mk)
8. Define the term dual citizenship.
(1 mk)
9. Identify two conditions for one to be declared duly elected as President of the republic of Kenya.(2 mks)
10. Name the two houses of parliament under the new constitution of Kenya.
(2 mks)
11. Give one political reason for the construction of the Kenya Uganda railway.
(1 mk)
12. State the main constitutional amendment in Kenya in 1991.
(1 mk)
13. Give two functions of the colonial chiefs in Kenya.
(1 mk)
14. Give two methods used to resolve conflicts in Kenya.
(2 mks)
15. Identify two groups which monitors human rights in Kenya.

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(2 mks)

16. Give two way through which the colonial government controlled the migration of Africans to the urban centres.

(2 mks)

17. State one feature of African socialism .

(1 mk)

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

(Answer three questions only)

18a) State five reasons for the migration of the Maasai from their original homeland

(5 mks)

b) Explain the effects of the migration and settlement of the Bantu Speakers in Kenya.

(10 mks)

19a) Why were the British interested in establishing control over Kenya during the scramble for Africa.

(5 mks)

b) Explain five reasons why the Nandi resisted against the British for a long time.

(10 mks)

20a) Highlight three factors which enabled the white settlers to establish large scale farming in Kenya.

(3 mks)

b) Explain six effects of indirect rule in Kenya.

(12 mks)

21a) State five factors that favoured Mau Mau freedom fighters in Kenya

(5 mks)

(b) Explain five factors that made the political organization and movement to demand for political independence after 1945 in Kenya

(10 mks)

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

(Answer any two questions from this section)

22a) Identify three organs of the National security in Kenya.

(3mks)

b) Explain six functions of the speaker of the National Assembly.

23a) Give three units of Kenya Police Service.

(3 mks)

b) Explain six functions of the Kenya defence forces.

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(12 mks)

24a) Give three functions of the supreme court in Kenya.

(3 mks)

b) Explain the six key changes in the new constitution of Kenya (2010)

(12 mk)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 3

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

1. State two shortcomings of oral tradition as a source of information in history (2 marks)
2. State two archaeological sources of information of history and government (2 marks)
3. Give one main physical features of Homo erectus (1 marks)
4. State two theories explaining the origin of agriculture. (2 marks)
5. Identify two methods of irrigation used by the Sumerians (2 marks)
6. Give two methods of trade 2 marks. (2 marks)
7. Identify two roles of Tuaregs in the Trans-saharan trade. (2 marks)
8. State one negative effects of modern means of transport. (1 mark)
9. Give one advantage of cell phone. (1 marks)
10. State one role of religion in the political organization of Shona Kingdom.
11. State one factor that undermines industrialization in Brazil. (1 mark)
12. Identify the main political factors which prompted France to look for colonies in Africa.(1 mark)
13. Give one economic reasons for the growth of African nationalism in Ghana (1 mark)
14. State two ways in which the rise of dictators contributed to the outbreak of the Second World War. (2 marks)
15. Name one organ of commonwealth which is responsible for policy making. (1 mark)
16. Identify one main cause of the cold war. (1 mark)
17. Identify two structures of the African union. (2 marks)

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SECTION B (45 MARKS)

18. (a) Outline five changes that marked the Agrarian Revolution in Britain (5 marks)
(b) Explain five ways in which food shortage affects people in third world countries. (10 marks)
- 19.(a) Give five factors that influenced to the development of urban centers in Africa during the pre-colonial period. (5 marks)
(b) Describe five the social effects of urbanization on European society in the 19th century.(10 marks)
- 20.(a) Identify five methods used by European powers to acquire colonies in Africa (5 marks)
(b) Explain five negative effects of the partition of Africa on African communities .(10 marks)
21. (a) Identify five methods used by nationalists in Ghana in their struggle for independence.(5 marks) (b) Describe five problems faced by nationalists in Mozambique. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

22. (a) Give three conditions which one had to fulfill in order to become a French citizen in Senegal. (3 marks)
(b) Explain six differences between the British indirect rule and the French assimilation policy. (12 marks)
23. (a) Outline five causes for the first world wars 1914-1918 (5 marks)
(b) Explain the results of the world war I (10 marks)
24. (a) Give five achievements of the league of Nations between 1919-1939 (5 marks)
(b) Why did the league of Nation fail to maintain world peace (10 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 4

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

1. Name **one** area in Kenya where the remains of Australopithecus were found. (1 mark)
2. State **one** way in which the Abagusi and Kipsigis interacted during the pre colonial. (1 mark)
3. Give **one** religious function of the Oloibon among the Maasai in the 19th Century. (2 marks)
4. State **two** factors that led to the decline of Kilwa by 1490 AD. (2 marks)
5. Give **one** evidence that shows that Chinese Traders reached the Kenyan Coast before 1500 AD.
(1 mark)
6. State **two** reasons which led to the decline of the long distance trade. (2 marks)
7. What is dual citizenship? (1 mark)
8. Give the **main** reason why the Colonial Government introduced pool tax in Kenya.(1 mark)
9. State **two** terms of the Heligoland treaty of 1890. (2 marks)
10. State the **main** role of the Executive arm of the government in Kenya. (1 mark)
11. Give **two** functions of the County Assembly in the County Government. (2 marks)
12. Identify **two** sources of Nyayo philosophy. (2 marks)

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13. Name **two** education commissions that were established by the Kenyan Government after independence. (2 marks)
14. State the **main** reason why the Second Lancaster House Conference was held in London in 1962. (1 mark)
15. What is the **main** role of the opposition party in Kenya? (1 mark)
16. Name the first African to be nominated to the Legislative Council. (1 mark)
17. State **one** role played by the Public Service Commission in Kenya. (1 mark)

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

18. a) Give **three** reasons for the migration and settlement of the Somali into Kenya. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** results of the migration and settlement of the Cushites into Kenya. (12 marks)
19. a) State **three** reasons which made the British Government encourage white settlement in Kenya during the colonial period. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** terms of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923. (12 marks)
20. a) Give **three** characteristic of independent schools and churches. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** factors that led to the rise of independent churches and schools in Kenya. (12 marks)
21. a) State **five** factors that led to the introduction of multi-party democracy in Kenya in 1992. (5 marks)
- b) Explain **five** roles played by political parties in governance and nation building. (10 marks)

SECTION C: (30 MARKS)

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

22. a) Give **three** circumstances under which the freedom of movement can be restricted in Kenya. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** principles of democracy as practiced in Kenya. (12 marks)
23. a) Give **three** functions of the Supreme Court in Kenya. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** factors that may undermine the administration of justice in Kenya. (12 marks)
24. a) State **three** components of the National Budget. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** challenges faced by the national government in the implementation of a national budget. (12 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 4

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Section A: (25 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section

1. State **two** archaeological sources of information on History and Government. (2 marks)
2. State **two** ways in which early man obtained food. (2 marks)
3. State **one** theory explaining the origin of agriculture. (1 mark)
4. Explain **two** roles of Caravans in Trans-Saharan Trade. (2 marks)
5. Identify **two** improvements which were made on Macadamized roads in the 19th Century. (2 marks)
6. Give **two** principal organs of the United Nations. (2 marks)
7. State **two** disadvantages of using wind as a source of energy. (2 marks)
8. State the main reason that led to the decline of Meroe. (1 mark)
9. Give **two** functions of the Kabaka in the Buganda Kingdom. (2 marks)
10. What is direct democracy? (1 mark)
11. Identify **one** African country that was not colonized. (1 mark)
12. Identify **one** super power that was involved in cold war. (1 mark)
13. Give **one** method used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa. (1 mark)

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14. State **two** objectives of the African National Congress. (2 marks)
15. Give the **main** reason for the failure of the League of Nations. (1 mark)
16. Name on treaty signed between Lobengula and the British during the colonization. (1 mark)
17. Name **one** political party in India. (1 mark)

SECTION B: (45 MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

18. a) State **five** reasons why early people domesticated crops and animals during the Neolithic period. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** causes of food shortages in Africa today. (10 marks)
19. (a) Identify **three** methods used by nationalists in Ghana during their struggle for independence. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe **six** factors that contributed to the struggle for independence in South Africa. (12 marks)
20. (a) State **five** factors that contributed to the rise and expansion of the Asante Kingdom by the 19th century. (5 marks)
- (b) Describe the political organization of the Asante Empire in the pre-colonial period. (10 marks)
21. a) Identified **three** chartered companies which were used European powers to acquire colonies in Africa. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss **six** political impacts of partition of Africa by European powers. (12 marks)

SECTION C:

Answer any two questions in this section (30 marks)

- 22. a)** State any **two** major organs of the United Nations organization. **(3 marks)**
- b)** Explain any **six** reasons why it has become difficult for the United Nations to successfully achieve her goals in the world today. **(12 marks)**
- 23. a)** State **three** reasons for the collapse of the league of nations **(3 marks)**
- b)** Explain **six** political results of the Second World War. **(12 marks)**
- 24. a)** State **five** constitutional powers of the president of India. **(5 marks)**
- b)** Explain **five** advantages of the federal system of Government in the United States of America (USA). **(10 marks)**

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 5

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section.

1. Identify two written sources of information on Kenyan history (2mks)
2. Name two aspects of history that you have studied (2mks)
3. Give the main reason for the migration of Eastern Bantu from Shungwaya (1mk)
4. Identify two functions of the warriors among the Bantu communities in the pre-colonial period (2mks)
5. Identify one reason that can lead to revocation of citizenship by birth in Kenya (1mk)
6. State ways in which the national accord and reconciliation act of 2008 affected the composition of government in Kenya (2mks)
7. Identify two types of democracy (2mks)
8. Give two social factors that led to the scramble and partition of East Africa (2mks)
9. Give two methods which were used by the British to establish their rule in Kenya (2mks)
10. Give the name of the Wangari leader who collaborated with the British (1mk)
11. Who was the British administrator in charge of the Imperial British East African Company (1mk)
12. Give two objectives for establishing colonial health centres (2mks)
13. Identify the political party formed in 1960 to champion the interest of the minority groups in Kenya (1mk)
14. Name the election body that organizes general elections in Kenya (1mk)
15. Give two types of elections held in Kenya (2mks)

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16. Identify the main voting system used in Kenya during elections (1mk)

17. Who is the head of judiciary in Kenya (1mk)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions from this section

18. a) Give five reasons for the migration of the Luo into Kenya during the 19th century (5mks)

b) Explain five effects of migration and settlement of the Luo into Kenya (10mks)

19. a) State three reasons why Seyyid Said transferred his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar in 1840 (3mks)

b) Explain six factors which contributed to the development of trade between the Kenyan Coast and the outside world in the 16th century (12mks)

20. a) State three powers given to Imperial British East African Company by the British (3mks)

b) Explain the reasons for an end to the Imperial British East African Company rule in 1895 (12mks)

21. a) Give five early political organizations formed in Kenya up to 1939 (5mks)

b) Explain problems experienced by European settlers in Kenya (10mks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any TWO questions from this section

a) a) Give three levels of conflicts that can be experienced in Kenya (3mks)

b) Explain six factors that promote National Unity in Kenya (12mks)

b) a) State five principles of Democracy (5mks)

b) Explain the process of constitution review (10mks)

24. a) State five functions of returning officers in a general election in Kenya (5mks)

b) Explain five factors which can interfere with free and fair elections in Kenya (10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 5

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Answer ALL the questions in this section

1. Identify two branches of history. (2mks)
2. Name two areas in Africa where the remains of Australopithecus were first discovered. (2mks)
3. State one theory that explains how early agriculture developed. (1mk)
4. Identify two methods of irrigation used in the ancient Egypt. (2mks)
5. Identify the main item from North Africa in Trans-saharan trade. (1mk)
6. Give two features of the Roman roads by 300AD. (2mks)
7. State two disadvantages of horn blowing as a means of communication. (2mks)
8. What is the main advantage of a cell phone. (1mk)
9. Identify the main source of energy used in the early stages of industrial Revolution in Europe. (1mk)
10. Give the name of the scientist who discovered electric magnetic radiation. (1mk)
11. Name two foreign powers that tried to conquer Cairo in the pre-colonial period. (2mks)

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- 12 Identify two social functions of the ancient city of Athens in Greece.
(2mks)
- 13 Identify two European powers that acquired colonies in East Africa.
(2mks)
- 14 Mention one country in Africa that was not colonized by European powers.
(1mk)
- 15 Name the chartered company that administered Zimbabwe during the process of colonization. (1mk)
- 16 Give one reason why the Burns constitution was rejected by Educated Africans in Ghana.
(1mk)
- 17 Give one political development in south Africa between 1990 and 1994.
(1mk)

SECTION B. (45MKS)

Answer three questions from this section

- 18(a) Give five physical changes which occurred in early human beings as they evolved from ape like creature to modern man.
(5mks)
- (b) Explain five effects of early agriculture in Mesopotamia.
(10mks)
- 19(a) Give three methods used to acquire slaves from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade.(3mks)
- (b) Explain six factors that led to the decline of the Trans-Atlantic trade
(12mks)
- 20(a) Give three developments that have taken place in road transport system since 1750 AD
(3mks)
- (b) Explain six ways through which the invention of the railway speeded up industrialization in Europe.(12mks)
- 21(a) State five causes of the chimurenga War of 1896-1897.
(5mks)
- (b) Explain five results of the Chimurenga War.
(10mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

SECTION C(30MKS)

Answer TWO questions from this section

22(a) Give three social aspects of the Shona during the pre-colonial period.
(3mks)

(b) Describe the political organization of Shona kingdom during the pre-colonial period.
(12mks)

23(a) State the reasons why the British used direct rule to administer Zimbabwe. (3mks)

(b) Explain six reasons for the failure of direct rule in Southern Nigeria.
(12mks)

24(a) Mention five factors that facilitated the growth of nationalism in Ghana.
(5mks)

(b) Explain five reasons why FRELIMO succeeded in its armed struggle against the Portuguese.

(10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 6

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Answer all the questions from this section

1. Identify the branch of history that deals with control system in the society.
(1mark)
2. State **two** environmental factors that contributed to the migration of the Bantu from their original homeland.
(2marks)
3. Identify **one** way of becoming a Kenyan citizen.
(1mark)
4. State **two** political factors that cause conflicts in Kenya.
(2marks)
5. Give **two** methods used by the British to occupy Kenya.
(2marks)
6. State **one** feature of missionary education.
(1mark)
7. State any two **main** crops cultivated by the settlers. (2marks)
8. Name **one** leader of the Africa study Union.
(1mark)
9. Give the **main** reason why Kenya Africa Democratic Union (KADU) was formed.
(1mark)
10. State **two** functions of the secretary to the cabinet in Kenya.
(2marks)
11. State **one** branch of the Kenya defence forces.
(1mark)
12. Identify **two** pillars of Nyayoism.
(2marks)
13. Name the constitutional change which led to re-introduction of multi-party democracy in Kenya
(1mark)
14. State **two** achievements of multi-party democracy in Kenya.
(1mark)
15. State the composition of the county executive committee.
(2marks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

16. Give **two** types of elections in Kenya.

(2marks)

17. Give the **main** function of the commission on Revenue allocation.

(1mark)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer **any three** questions from this section

18a) State **three** communities that belong to the Mt. Kenya Bantu (3marks)

18b) Explain **six** aspects of the social organization of the Nandi in the pre-colonial period (12marks)

19a) Identify **three** actors that facilitated the development of plantation agriculture along the East African coast in the 19th century (3marks)

19b) Explain **six** effects of Oman rule (12marks)

20a) Identify **three** resolutions passed in the first Lancaster house conference of 1960 (3marks)

20b) Explain **six** challenges faced by trade unions in the struggle for Kenya's independence (12marks)

21a) Give **three** objectives of Kenya African Democratic Union at its formation (3marks)

21b) Explain **six** achievements of Daniel Moi as president of Kenya. (12marks)

SECTION C (30MARKS)

Answer **any two** questions from this section

22a) Give **five** qualities of a good public servant. (5marks)

22b) Explain **five** functions of National government. (10marks)

23a) State **five** characteristics of a good constitution. (5marks)

23b) Explain **five** advantages of democracy. (10marks)

24a) State the objectives of devolution of government. (5marks)

24b) Explain the relationship between National and county government. (10marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 6

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Answer all questions in this section

1. Define the term Genetics as a source of information on history and government. (1 mark)
2. Give **two** features of Australopithecus. (2 marks)
3. Name the person who invented the Mechanical Thresher in 1876 which speeded up the process of crop harvesting. (1 mark)
4. Identify **two** items of trade from West Africa during the Trans-Saharan trade. (2 marks)
5. Identify **one** country in Africa that was created as a settlement for freed slaves. (1 mark)
6. Define the term communication. (1 mark)
7. Give **two** advantages of screams and cries as traditional means of communication. (2 marks)
8. Identify **one** theory that explains the origin of iron working in Africa. (1 mark)
9. Give the **main** contribution of Isaac Newton during the scientific revolution. (1 mark)
10. Apart from Johannesburg, name **one** other modern urban centre in Africa. (1 mark)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

11. Name the leader who introduced the Golden stool in the Asante Empire during the pre-colonial period. (1 mark)
12. Identify **two** French colonies in Central Africa. (2 marks)
13. Give **two** benefits enjoyed by the assimilated Africans in during the French administration in Senegal. (2 marks)
14. Identify **two** contributions of Nelson Mandela in the fight for freedom and democracy in South Africa. (2 marks)
15. Highlight **two** factors that led to the failure of the German Von Schlieffen plan during the First World War. (2 marks)
16. Name **two** permanent members of the United Nations Organizations (UNO) Security Council. (2 marks)
17. Define the term Non-Aligned Movement (NAM). (1 mark)

Section B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section

18. (a) Give **five** reasons why Africa is considered as the cradle of mankind. (5 marks)
(b) Describe the way of life of man during the Early Stone Age period. (10 marks)
19. (a) Give **five** advantages of human transport. (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** disadvantages of air transport. (10 marks)
20. (a) State **five** functions of London as an urban centre. (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** factors responsible for the growth of early urban centres in Africa. (10 marks)
21. (a) Identify **five** reasons for the growth of nationalism in Mozambique. (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** reasons for the slow decolonization process in Mozambique. (10 marks)

Section C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section

22. (a) Give **three** ways in which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Empire. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the political organization of the Buganda kingdom during the 19th century. (12 marks)
23. (a) State **three** functions of Emirs during the British administration in Nigeria. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** reasons why indirect rule policy failed in Southern Nigeria. (12 marks)
24. (a) State **three** effect of Cold War. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** challenges faced by the Commonwealth of Nations. (12 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 7

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A [25 marks]

Answer all questions in this section

1. Name one archaeological site in Kenya outside the rift valley?
(1 mk)
2. Give two ways in which the constitution of Kenya guarantees the rule of law?
(1 mk)
3. State any two educational commissions set up in Kenya after independence?
(2 mks)
4. Identify any two specific groups of people in Kenya recognised by the new constitution?
(2 mks)
5. Give the main method used by anthropologists to gather their historical information?
(1 mk)
6. State two ways in which the Kenyan constitution promotes national unity?
(2 mks)
7. Mention one social responsibility of Kenyan citizen?
(1 mk)
8. Name one category of the Kenya defence forces?
(1 mk)
9. Define devolution in relation to the Kenyan government today?
(1 mk)
10. What is the main function of the equalization fund?
(1 mk)
11. What was the centre of political power in decentralised societies of pre-colonial Kenya?
(1 mk)
12. Give two reasons why the colonial government provided technical education to Africans?
(2 mks)
13. Give the main reason why early visitors from Arabia came to the Kenyan coast before 1500?
(1 mk)
14. Name one Bantu community in Kenya whose ancestors settled on mount Elgon?
(1 mk)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

15. Give two reasons why Africans who lived in towns formed social welfare organization during the colonial period?
(2 mks)
16. Name two occasions when the Kenya national anthem is sung?
(2 mks)
17. Give two ways in which industrial revolution in Europe hastened the colonisation of Kenya in the 19th century?
(2 mks)

SECTION B (45MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

18. (a) State three ways in which the government of Kenya facilitated the acquisition of land for Africans after 1963?
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain six challenges facing the agricultural sector in Kenya today?
(12 mks)
19. (a) Identify three grade for elders among the Akamba?
(3 mks)
- (b) Describe the political organisation of the Agikuyu in pre-colonial period?
(12 mks)
20. (a) Give five methods used by colonial government to discourage the activities of the Mau Mau Movement?
(5 mks)
- (b) Explain five roles of women in Kenya during the struggle for independence in Kenya?
(10 mks)
21. (a) What factors led to the development of multi-party democracy in Kenya in the early 1990s?
(3mks)
- (b) Explain how the existence of many political parties has promoted democracy in Kenya?
(12mks)

SECTION C (30MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

- 22.** (a) Identify three levels of conflicts?
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain six ways in which conflicts may have a negative effect in Kenya?
(12 mks)
- 23.** (a) Identify any three members of the county government assembly in Kenya?
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain six challenges facing the county government in Kenya?
(12 mks)
- 24.** (a) State three functions of the cabinet in Kenya?
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain six factors that may undermine the supremacy of Kenya's parliament.
(12 mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 7

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section

1. Identify **one** limitation that hinders use of electronic sources to get historical data.
(1mark)
2. Give **two** major cultural developments by man towards the end of new Stone Age.
(2marks)
3. State **two** remedies to perennial food shortages in Africa.
(2marks)
4. What was the main commodity during the Trans-Atlantic trade?
(1mark)
5. State **two** advantages of using aeroplanes over the ship as a means of transport.
(2marks)
6. Identify **one** form of picture writing during the early civilization.
(1mark)
7. State **two** uses of water as an early source of energy in industries.
(2marks)
8. Identify **two** challenges faced by Athens as a ancient urban centre.
(2marks)
9. State **one** way through which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Empire during the 19th century.
(1mark)
10. Identify **one** way through which Europeans maintained peace among themselves during partition of African.
(1mark)
11. State **two** factors that facilitated application of indirect rule in the Northern Nigeria.
(2marks)
12. State **one** reason why USA did not join the First World War until 1917.
(1 mark)
13. Identify **two** demands made by Austria- Hungary against Serbia following the assassination of arch Duke Ferdinand.
(2 marks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

- 14.** Give **one** countries in which cold war broke into real war.
(1 mark)
- 15.** Name the principal judicial organ of the United Nations Organization.
(1 mark)
- 16.** State **two** provisions contained in the Arusha declaration document adopted by Tanzania in 1967.
(2 marks)
- 17.** Identify the highest organ of the new East African Community.
(1 mark)

SECTION B (45MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

- 18.** (a) State five uses of the Acheulian tools.
(5marks)
(b) Describe the cultural and Economic practices of the early man during the Middle Stone Age Period.
(10marks)
- 19.** (a) Give **five** methods used to acquire slaves from West Africa during the Trans-Atlantic trade.(5marks)
(b) Explain **five** factors that led to the decline of the Trans-Atlantic trade.
(10marks)
- 20.** (a) Give 3 causes of army mutiny in Democratic Republic of Congo in 1960.
(3marks)
(b) Explain political development in Tanzania since independence.
(12marks)
- 21.** (a) State **five** ways used by nationalists in Ghana to fight for independence.
(5marks)
(b) Explain **five** factors that led to development of African nationalism in Ghana.
(10marks)

SECTION C (30MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

- 22.** (a) State three reasons for the failure of Schlieffen plan during First World War.
(3marks)
(b) Explain six reasons for the Allies Victory during Second World War.
(12marks)

- 23.** (a) State three conditions that gave rise to the Non-Aligned movement.
(3 marks)
- (b) Explain six challenges of the Non-Aligned movement.
(12marks)
- 24.** (a) Identify the groups of people who cannot vie for elections in Britain
(3marks)
- (b) How is the executive in the USA checked by other organs of government
(12 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 8

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

Answer all the questions in this section(25 marks)

- 1 Identify one branch in the study of History and Government of Kenya. (1mk)
- 2 Name the original homeland of the Eastern Cushites (1mk)
- 3 Identify two age groups for elders among the Akamba. (2mks)
- 4 Give two evidences which shows that the Chinese traders reached the Kenyan coast before 1500AD. (2mks)
- 5 State two slave treaties signed by the British and Seyyid Said. (2mks)
- 6 Give two reasons that can make a registered person to lose citizenship in Kenya. (2mks)
- 7 Identify two symbols of national unity in Kenya. (2mks)
- 8 Give two reasons why the constitution is important in Kenya. (2mks)
- 9 What is direct democracy. (1mk)
- 10 Name the Treaty which marked the spheres of influence in East Africa in 1886. (1mk)
- 11 Identify one community which resisted the British occupation of Kenya. (1mk)
- 12 Outline two similar methods used to recruit African labour in the British and French colonies in Africa. (2mks)
- 13 State two independent schools associations that were in charge of schools in central Kenya during the colonial period. (2mks)
- 14 Name one Asian who took part in the struggle for independence in Kenya. (1mk)
- 15 What was the main contribution of prof. Wangari Maathai in the development of Kenya. (1mk)
- 16 What is the function of the leader of government business in the National Assembly.(1mk)
- 17 Identify the chief accounting officer in the judicial service commission (1mk)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

Answer any three questions from this section (45 marks)

- 18(a) State five economic activities of the Borana during the pre-colonial period. (3mks)
(b) Describe the social organization of the Maasai during the pre-colonial period. (10mks)
- 19(a) Give three causes of the Somali resistance to the British rule in Kenya during the 19th century. (3 mks)
(b) Explain six negative effects of British colonial rule on the people of Kenya. (12mks)
- 20(a) State three reasons the colonial government denied the Africans the right to grow cash crops in Kenya before 1954. (3mks)
(b) Explain six problems faced by Africans in urban centres during the colonial period in Kenya. (12mks)
- 21(a) State five demands made by the East African Association(EAA) to the British colonial Government in Kenya. (5mks)
(b) Explain five factors that promoted the rise of African nationalism in Kenya after 1945. (10mks)

SECTION C

- 22(a) Give three circumstances in which one's right to life may be taken away. (3mks)
(b) Explain six reasons why it is important to respect Human Rights. (12mks)
- 23(a) Identify five requirements in the constitution making process. (5mks)
(b) Explain five features of the independence constitution of Kenya. (10mks)
- 24(a) Apart from the high court, identify five other types of courts in Kenya. (5mks)
(b) Explain five reasons why there should be separation of powers between the legislature, Executive and judiciary in Kenya. (10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 8

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25marks)

1. Identify one type of artefact that is likely to be found in an archaeological site (1mk)
2. Name one source of information on the creation theory (1mk)
3. Give two reasons why early human beings lived in groups during the stone age period (2mks)
4. Give two inventions that led to the Agrarian revolution in Britain (2mks)
5. Give the main form of transport that was used in the trans-Saharan trade (1mk)
6. State two limitations of animal transport (2mks)
7. State two advantages of using fire and smoke signals (2mks)
8. Identify the greatest contribution of Michael Farady (1mk)
9. Identify one symbol of unity in Shona kingdom during the pre-colonial period (1mk)
10. Identify two European activities in Africa during the 19th century (2mks)
11. Name the Lozi leader who collaborated with the British in the late 19th century (1mk)
12. Name the political party that led Ghana to independence in the 1957 (1mk)
13. Name two Africans who participated in liberation movement in Mozambique (2mks)
14. Give the immediate cause of the first world war (1mk)
15. Identify the military strategy adopted by the Germans in their invasion of neutral Belgium during the first world war (1mk)
16. Identify two super powers that were involved in the cold war (2mks)
17. Name two European countries that formed the triple alliance before the outbreak of the first world war (2mks)

SECTION B (45MKS):

Answer any three questions

18. a) Give three stages of evolution of man before Homo Erectus (3mks)
b) Describe ways in which the discovery of fire by early man improved his way of life (12mks)
19. a) Give three problems faced by factory workers in Europe during industrial revolution (3mks)
b) Explain six factors that have promoted industrialization in South Africa (12mks)
20. a) Give three methods used by European powers to establish colonial power in Africa(3mks)
b) Effects of Mandinka resistance against the French (12mks)
21. a) Identify five contributions made by Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana in promoting Pan-Africanism (5mks)

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b) Describe five factors undermining African union since its formation (10mks)

SECTION C (30MKS):

Answer any two questions from this section

22. a) Give three functions of the Kabaka of Buganda during the pre-colonial period (3mks)

b) Describe the political organization of the Shona during the pre-colonial period

23. a) Give three reasons why the United states of America (USA) did not join powers in the second world war until 1917 (3mks)

b) Explain six factors that made the allied forces to defeat the axis powers in the Second World War (12mks)

24. a) Identify five main organs of the United Nations (5mks)

b) Explain five ways through which the United Nations promotes peace in the world (10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 9

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A 25MKS(Answer all questions)

Identify two sources of information on Kenyan history.(2mks)

What is the significance of Rusinga Island to the history of Kenya.
(1mk)

Name the dispersal area of the Eastern Bantu.(1mk)

Give two social roles of the council of elders(NjuriNceke) of the ameru in the Pre-colonial period.(2mks)

Name two groups that rivaled the Portuguese for the control of the Kenyan coast in the 16th century.(2mks)

Identify two ways in which citizenship by birth can be revoked.(2mks)

State the main reason why the second Lancaster house conference was held in 1962. (1mk)

State two rights of a person who is detained or in custody.(2mks)

Name two aspects of fair labour practices as contained in the constitution of Kenya 2010.(2mks)

Identify two factors that enabled the white settlers to establish farms in the white highlands.(2mks)

State one institution that may limit parliamentary supremacy in Kenya
(1mk)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

State two ways in which the rule of law is applied in Kenya.(2mks)

Give type of fund established by the constitution of Kenya in 2010.(1mks)

Name one source of the principle of African socialism.(1mk)

What is the main role of Ethics and Anti-corruption Commission in Kenya.(EACC)(1mk)

Who was the first vice –president of the independent Kenya. (1mk)

Give the meaning of the devolved government in Kenya.(1mk)

SECTION B

Answer any three questions.

(a) State five economics activities of the Borana in the 19th century. (5mks)

(b) Discuss five results of the migration of the cushites into Kenya..(10mks)

(a) State five factors which contributed to the development of trade between different Communities in the interior of Kenya. (5mks)

(b) Discuss five negative effects of the Portuguese rule at the coas of East African. (10mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

(a) Identify five problems faced by political parties in Kenya between 1992 and 2007 in Kenya.(5mks)

(b) Explain five factors that favored maumau freedom fighters in Kenya. (10mks)

(a) Give five reasons why corruption is being discouraged in Kenya.(5mks)

(b) Explain five problems associated with Moi's leadership as a president of Kenya.(10mks)

SECTION C
Answer any two questions

(a) State five peaceful methods of solving conflict.(5mks)

(b) Explain five economic factors that promote national unity in Kenya.(10mks)

(a) State three non-military function of the Kenya Defence Forces (3mks)

(b) Explain 6 functions of the Supreme Court in Kenya.(12mks)

(a) Name three categories of members who make up the county assembly in Kenya.(3mks)

(b) Explain six obstacles facing county governments in Kenya.(12mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 9

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A

Answer All Questions

Give two types of monarchical government.(2mks)

Give two advantages of upright posture to the early man.(2mks)

Give one land use system before agrarian revolutions.(1mks)

Give two regions where salt was mined during trans- Saharan Trade.(2mks)

State two methods of trade.(2mks)

Mention two important canals that link major water bodies in the world today.(2mks)

State the country that pioneered space exploration in the world.(1mk)

State two government policies which have contributed to industrialization in India.(2MKS)

Give the main contribution of William Morton in surgical science.(1mk)

Give two reasons that led to the decline of Athens as an urban centre.(2mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

State the main reason why the golden stool was important in the Asante empire.(1mk)

Identify two categories of the spirits among the shona.(2mks)

Identify one company that was used by the British in West Africa to administer the region.(1mk)

Mention one characteristics of Assimilation.(1mk)

Give the main reason for the failure of the league of Nations.(1mk)

Identify one African camp that were broken by the formation of organization of African union.(1mk)

Name the military bloc that was formed by the allied after World war 1(1mk)

SECTION B

SECTION B Answer any three questions

18.(a) Give five characteristic of Agriculture in the United state of America during the Agrarian Revolution.(5mks)

(b) Explain 6 ways in which third world countries can counter the problems of food shortages.
(10mks)

19. (a) Name three parts that developed in Africa as a result of Trans-Atlantic trade.(3mks)

(b) Explain six factors that led to the decline of Trans-Atlantic trade.(12mks)

20.(a) Identify three reforms that were introduced after the Majimaji rebellion.(3mks)

(b) Explain six reasons why the Shona allied with the Ndebele in the ShonaChimurenya War. (12mks)

21. (a) Give five objectives of the Economic community of West African State.(ECOWAS)
(5MKS)

(b) Explain five achievement of Economic Community of West African
States.(ECOWAS)(10mks)

22. (a) give three political causes of World War 1(3mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

(b) Explain six effects of World War 11(12mks)

23. (a) State five economic challenges facing the Democratic Republic of Congo(DRC) since Independence.(5mks)

(b) Explain five economic developments in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) since Independence. (10mks)

24.(a)State five sources of Britain unwritten constitution.(5mks)

(b) Explain the functions of the prime Minister in Britain.(10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 10

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in the space provided at the end of question 24.

1. Name **two** types of Australopithecus. (2mks)
2. Identify **one** community that belong to the plain Nilotes. (1mks)
3. Mention **two** importance of age-set among the Nandi community during pre-colonial period. (2mks)
4. Give **two** ancient documents that contained the historical information about East African coast before the 7th century. (2mks)
5. Mention **one** peaceful method of conflict resolution. (1mk)
6. State **one** function of the constitution. (1mk)
7. Identify two rights of the old members of the society. (2mks)
8. Name the person who came up with the indirect rule policy used in Kenya by the colonial government. (1mk)
9. State **two** problems faced by the independent schools and churches in Kenya during the colonial era. (2mks)
10. Identify the **main** borne of contention between KADU and KANU in the eve of independence. (1mk)
11. Outline **two** guiding principles of the electoral system in Kenya. (2mks)
12. Give **one** reason why Kenya adopted the National Philosophy of Africa socialism after independence. (1mk)
13. State **two** components included in the budget estimates in the National Budget. (2mks)
14. Mention **one** member of the County Executive Committee. (1mks)
15. Highlight **two** roles played by the trade unions in the struggle for independence. (2mks)
16. State the main reason why the 1957 elections are important in the history of Kenya. (1mk)
17. Who is the chief administrator and accounting officer of parliament? (1mk)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

18. (a) Give **three** communities that belong to the coastal Bantu. (3mks)
(b) Discuss **six** effects of the migration and settlement of the Cushites in Kenya. (12mks)
19. (a) Identify **five** positive impacts of the Portuguese rule at coast of East Africa. (5mks)
(b) Explain **five** Negative effects of the Indian Ocean Trade. (10mks)
20. (a) Highlight **five** results of the Akamba reaction to the British rule in Kenya. (5mks)
(b) Discuss **five** methods used by the colonial government to obtain labour for the white settlers. (10mks)
21. (a) Give **three** political parties that were formed after 1945 which were involved in the struggle for independence in Kenya. (3mks)
(b) State and Explain **six** challenges facing culture and sports in Kenya since independence. (12mk)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer Two questions from this Section.

22. (a) Give **five** characteristics of a good constitution. (5mks)
(b) Discuss **five** factors that promotes National Integration in Kenya. (10mks)
23. (a) Identify **three** National Security Organs in the Kenyan government (3mks)
(b) Explain **six** powers of the President of Kenya according to the new constitution of 2010. (12mks)
24. (a) State **five** importance of the Government Budget. (5mks)
(b) In which **five** ways does the National Government control the use of public finance? (10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 10

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MKS)

1. Identify any two classifications of written sources of information on History and Government. (2mks)
2. Give one of social activity that was practised by early man during the New Stone Age period (1mk)
3. State two effects of the Land Enclosure System in Britain during the Agrarian Revolution (2mks)
4. Highlight two negative effects of the Trans-Saharan trade. (2mks)
5. Name the first woman astronaut to travel into space (1mk)
6. State two importance of the radio as a form of communication. (2mks)
7. Give two ways how scientific inventions have negatively impacted on Agriculture (2mks)
8. What was the title given to the highest political and religious leader among the Shona?(1mk)
9. Identify one chartered company that was used by the Europeans to acquire colonies in Africa. (1mk)
10. State one way how the Lochner treaty benefitted King Lewanika individually,(1mk)
11. Outline one social factor that led to the rise of nationalism in Africa (1mk)
12. State one military alliance that was formed by European nations before the First World War.(1 mk)
13. Name two permanent member states of the United Nations security council (2 mks)
14. State one way how the cold war was witnessed in Africa (1mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

15. Give two organs of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) (2mks)
16. State two political challenges facing the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) since independence (2mks)
17. State the system of government practised in Britain. (1mk)

SECTION B (45MARKS)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTONS IN THIS SECTION.

18.

- a) State five physical changes that early man underwent to mark a clear distinction between apes and modern man. (5mks)
- b) Explain five features of early man's culture during the Neolithic period (10mks)
19. a. State five disadvantages of using animals as a means of transport (5mks)
- b). Explain five economic effects of modern forms of transport. (10mks)
20. a) State five uses of Gold in Africa in the early days. (5mks)
- b) Explain five effects of iron working technology in Africa. (10 mks)
- 21 a) State five causes of the Mandinka rebellion. (5mks)
- b) Explain five results of the Chimurenga war. (10mks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

22. (a) State three factors that led to the growth of nationalism in Mozambique. (3mks)
- b) Explain six factors that favoured FRELIMO in the war against the Portuguese colonial government. (12mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

23 (a) State three conditions given to the Germans to surrender at the end of world war one (WWI) (3mks)

b) Explain six causes of the second world war . (12mks)

24 a) Identify any three political parties in India (3mks)

b) Explain six powers and functions of the president in India. (12mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 11

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A. 25 MARKS

Answer all the questions in this section

1. Identify one method used by the archeologist to determine the age of artifacts. 1 mk
2. Give two social reasons for the migration of the Nilotes into Kenya. 2mks
3. Identify one role of the Njuri Ncheke among the Ameru of Kenya in the pre-colonial period. 1mk
4. Give two written evidences of contact between the Kenyan coast and the outside world. 2mks
5. Identify two natural factors that facilitated the coming of early visitors to the Kenya coast before the 1500AD . 1mk
6. Name the Portuguese commander who led in the conquest of the east African coast between 1500and 1511AD 1 mk
7. Identify two characteristics of a good constitution 2mks
8. Name the treaty that marked the end of the scramble and partition of East Africa 1mk
9. State one settler grievance that led to the signing of the Devonshire white paper of 1923. 1mk
10. Mention two factors that led to African influx into urban centers during the colonial period. 2mks
11. Identify two economic challenges encountered by Kenyatta at independence. 2mks
12. State two ways in which the government of Kenya uphold the rule of law. 2mks

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13. Identify one organ of the Kenya Defense Forces. 1mk
14. State two pillars of Nyayoism 2mks
15. Identify one type of land holding in Kenya. 1mk
16. Identify one function of the deputy governor. 1mk
17. Mention one type of fund in which government revenue is deposited. 1mk

SECTION B. 45 MARKS

Answer any three questions in this section

18. a) Apart from the Maasai, name three other groups that make up the plain nilotes. 3mks
- b) Describe the political organization of the somali during the pre colonial period 12mks
19. a) List three methods used by the Europeans to occupy Kenya during the colonial period. 3mks
- b) Explain the consequences of the Luo mixed reaction during the colonial period. 12mks
20. a) Highlight three levels of the colonial education in Kenya. 3mks
- b) Explain six reasons why settlers farming was encouraged during the colonial period. 12mks
21. a) State three characteristics of early political organizations in Kenya. 3mks
- b) Discuss six factors that facilitated the Mau Mau war with the British during the colonial period. 12mks

SECTION C. 30MKS

Answer any three questions in this section

22. a) give three ways in which citizenship by registration can be revoked. 3mks
- b) Explain six factors that promote national unity in Kenya. 12mks
23. a) state three disadvantages of democracy. 3mks

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

- b) Discuss the functions of the Kenya national human rights and equality commission. 12mks
24. a) Identify the composition of the Senate. 3mks
- b) Explain six powers of the Kenyan president. 12mks

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 11

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions from this section

1. Identify **one** limitation of archeology as a source of information in history (1 mk)
2. State **two** distinct features of Homo erectus (2mks)
3. Identify **two** types of irrigation methods used by early Egyptians (2mark)
4. Identify **one** main item of trade from west Africa during the trans-Atlantic trade (1 mk)
5. Mention **two** factors to consider before sending an effectives message (2marks)
6. What is the **main** advantaged of cell phone (1 mk)
7. State **one** factor that led to the decline of Kilwa (1 mk)
8. Identify **one** function of Lukiiko in the Buganda kingdom in 19th century (1 mk)
9. Give **two** importance of Odwira festival in the Asante kingdom (2 mks)
10. Mention **one** country in Africa that was not colonized by European powers (1 mk)
11. Identify **two** communes where the assimilation policy succeeded in West Africa (2 mks)
12. Give **one** reason why the United States of America was reluctant to join the First World War (2marks)
13. Name the organ of the United Nation that promotes justice in the world (1mk)
14. Identify **two** signatories of the Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty (START) (2mks)
15. Give **one** organ of the League of Nations (1mk)
16. Name **two** main political challenges which have faced Democratic Republic of Congo since independence (2mks)
17. Identify **two** ways through which the congress checks the excesses of power by executive in the united states of America. (USA) (2mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

SECTION B (45MARKS)

Answer any three questions from this section

- 18** (a) Give **five** physical changes which occurred in early human beings as they evolved from ape like creature to modern man (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** effects of early agriculture in Mesopotamia (10marks)
- 19** (a) Identify **five** problems faced by Trans Saharan traders (5 mks)
(b) Explain **five** disadvantages of railway transport (10marks)
- 20** (a) Give **three** social aspects of the shona during the pre-colonial period (3 marks)
(b) Describe the political organization of Shona kingdom during the pre-colonial period (12 marks)
- 21** (a) Mention five factors that facilitated the growth of nationalism in Ghana (5 marks)
(b) Explain five reasons why **FRELIMO** succeeded in its armed struggle against the Portuguese (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any two questions from this section

- 22** (a) State **three** reasons why the British used direct rule to administer Zimbabwe (3marks)
(b) Explain **six** reasons for the failure of direct rule in southern Nigeria (12marks)
- 23** (a) State **five** aims of Economic Community Of West African States (**ECOWAS**) (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** challenges that faced the East African community (**EAC**) up to 1977 (10marks)
- 24** (a) State **five** functions of British Monarch (5 marks)
(b) Explain **five** functions of the Electoral Commission of India (10 marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 12

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A- 25 MARKS

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

- 1) Give **Two** electronic sources of information in the study of history and government (2mks)
- 2) Give two economic reasons for the migration of Luo into Kenya by the 19th C. (2mks)
- 3) Identify the center of power in decentralized government of pre-colonial Kenyan societies (1mk)
- 4) Apart from the Mijikenda, name **Two** coastal Bantu communities (2mks)
- 5) Identify the **Main** political contribution of Christian missionaries in colonial Kenya (1mk)
- 6) Give a **Reason** why mob justice is forbidden in Kenya (1mk)
- 7) Identify **two** circumstances under which a person's right to own property may be denied (2mks)
- 8) Give **two** trade items from the interior during long distance trade in Kenya in the 16th Century (2mks)
- 9) State the Nandi leader who resisted British rule in Kenya (1mk)
- 10) Name the type of constitution used in Kenya (1mk)
- 11) State the main duty of the Governor during the British colonial rule in Kenya (1mk)
- 12) Identify **two** Kenyan communities who gave mixed reactions to colonial rule (2mks)
- 13) Give two reasons why corruption is discouraged in Kenya (2mks)
- 14) Define the term "**Devolution**" (1mk)
- 15) State the education commission in Kenya which recommended the 8-4-4 system of education (1mk)

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16) Name the ex-official member of the senate (1mk)

17) Identify **two** pillars of Nyayoism

(2mks)

SECTION B - (45 MARKS)

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTION FROM THIS SECTION

18) a) Identify three Cushitic communities in Kenya

(3mks)

b) Explain six results of the Cushitic migration into Kenya

(12mks)

19) a) Identify **five** features of the coastal city states during the pre-colonial period

(3mks)

b) Explain **five** consequences of the Indian Ocean trade to the people of east Africa

(10mks)

20) a) Identify **five** terms of Devonshire white paper of 1923

(5mks)

b) Explain **five** ways in which the colonial land policies in Kenya undermined African farming

(10mks)

21) a) Outline **five** problems that faced early political organizations in Kenya up to 1939.

(5mks)

b) Explain the **role** of women in the struggle for independence in Kenya (10mks)

SECTION C - 30 MARKS

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS FROM THIS SECTION

22) a) Identify **five** elements of good citizenship in Kenya (5mks)

b) Explain **five** reasons why human rights are important in Kenya

(10mks)

23) a) Give **three** non-military functions of the Kenya army (3mks)

b) Explain **six** functions of correctional institutions in Kenya

(12mks)

24) a) Identify **three** funds where revenue collected by the government is deposited (3mks)

b) Explain **six** measures put in place to control utilization of public funds by the national government in Kenya (12mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 12

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A

Answer all questions in this section

1. Give the two examples of monarchical type of government. (2marks)
2. State two aspects of oral tradition as a source of information in history. (2marks)
3. Give two stages in evolution according to Charles Darwin. (2marks)
4. Name one pre-historical site in Tanzania. (1mark)
5. State two stages of the Stone Age period. (2marks)
6. State one advantage of the currency system. (1mark)
7. Name one use of pipeline as a means of transport. (1mark)
8. Give two examples of print media. (2marks)
9. Identify two early sources of energy. (2marks)
10. State one way in which the industrial revolution in Europe promoted colonialism. (1mark)
11. State one way in which Africans responded to European rule (1mark)
12. State the main aim of Berlin conference of 1884-1885. (1mark)
13. State two types of nationalism in South Africa in the first two decades of the 20th century. (2marks)
14. Give the two war methods employed in the First World War. (2marks)
15. Name the main cause of the cold war. (1mark)
16. Name the African head of state who spearheaded the formation of the African union. (1mark)
17. Identify one political antagonist in the 1960 Congo crisis. (1mark)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

SECTION B

Answer any three questions from this section

18. a) Give three contributions of archeology to the study of history. (3marks)
- b) Explain six limitations of using archeology as a source of information on History and Government. (12marks)
19. a) State three slave treaties signed by the British and Seyyid Said that led to abolition of slave trade. (3marks)
- b) Explain six factors that led to the decline of Trans-Saharan trade (12marks)
20. a) Identify the five water vessels developed since the 18th century. (5marks)
- b) Discuss five disadvantages of water transport. (10marks)
21. a) State five causes of Franco- Mandinka war of 1891-1898. (5marks)
- b) Explain five reasons why the Shona and the Ndebele were subdued by the British (10marks)

SECTION C

Answer any two questions from this section

22. a) Give five reasons why the British employed direct rule in Zimbabwe. (5marks)
- b) Explain the effects of the British rule in Zimbabwe. (10marks)
23. a) List down three official languages used in United Nations Organization (U.N.O) (3marks)
- b) Explain six challenges facing United Nations organization today. (12marks)
24. a) Give three ways in which the policy of nationalism slowed down economic development in Tanzania during the reign of Julius Nyerere. (3marks)
- b) Describe six social challenges that have faced Tanzania since independence. (12marks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 13

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

1. Identify one example of the Highland Bantu. (1mk)
2. State the main economic activity of the Cushites during the pre-colonial era. (1mk)
3. State **two** roles played by Seyyid Said in the spread of Christianity in Kenya (2mks)
4. Define the term citizen according to the Kenyan constitution 2010. (1mk)
5. Identify **one** political cause of conflict in Kenya (1mk)]
6. State **two** factors that led to the decline of Kilwa as early urban centre (2mks)
7. Identify **one** factor that determines the form of a constitution a country may adopt (1mk)
8. Name **one** way in which direct democracy is exercised (1mk)
9. State **two** achievements of the Imperial British East Africa Company in colonial Kenya (2mks)
10. State **two** reasons why the British applied indirect rule in administering Kenya (2mks)
11. Identify **two** reasons why Africans were denied right to grow cash crops until 1937 (2mks)
12. State the main reason why the white settlers were disappointed with the Devonshire white paper of 1923 (1mk)
13. Identify the main reason for convening of the second Lancaster House conference of 1962 (1mk)
14. State **two** characteristics of early political organizations (2mks)
15. Name the electoral body that is responsible for conducting elections in Kenya (1mk)
16. State **two** functions of the court of appeal in Kenya (2mks)

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17. Identify the main function of the correctional services in Kenya (1mk)

SECTION B (45 MKS)

Answer THREE questions from this section

18. a) State **three** social reasons for the migration of the plain Nilotes (3msk)
b) Explain the political organization of the Nandi during the pre-colonial period (12mks)
19. a) State the reasons for the success of Portuguese conquest along the East Coast of Africa (5mks)
b) Explain the effects of the long distance trade (10mks)
20. a) State **five** factors that led to the growth of Nairobi as a modern urban centre (5mks)
b) Describe the features of the independence constitution (10mks)
21. a) Identify the reasons for the Maasai collaboration in the pre-colonial period (5mks)
b) Explain **five** reasons why armed resistance failed in Kenya during the colonial period (10mks)

SECTION C (30MKS)

Answer TWO questions in this section

22. a) State **three** circumstances that may lead to revocation of citizenship by registration (3mks)
b) Explain the importance of national integration (12mks)
23. a) Identify **three** advantages of democracy (3mks)
b) Explain **six** rights of an arrested person (12mks)
24. a) State the factors that undermine free and fair elections in Kenya (3mks)
b) Explain **six** functions of the National police service (12mks)

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KCSE MOCK TRIAL 13

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MKS)

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

1. List down **one** disadvantage of Electronic sources of information of History and Government (1mk)
2. Identify the main difference between humans and other primates (1mk)
3. Name the form of early picture writing invented in Egypt (1mk)
4. State **two** characteristics of Regional trade (2mks)
5. List down **two** negative impact of tele-communication (2mks)
6. State **two** factors that enhanced the spread of iron-working in Africa (2mks)
7. Identify **two** natural factors for the growth Meroe as an early urban centre (2mks)
8. List down **two** symbols of unity among the Asante kingdom (2mks)
9. Identify the main reason for the convening of Berlin conference 1884-1885 (1mk)
10. State **one** reason why British used Direct rule in Zimbabwe (1mk)
11. Name **one** method used by nationalists in South Africa during the struggle for independence (1mk)
12. Identify the immediate cause of the second world war (1mk)
13. State **two** reasons why united States of America delayed in joining the first world war (2mks)
14. Identify the main function of the international court of Justice (1mk)
15. Name the weapons of the cold war (2mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

16. List **two** founders of pan Africanism

(2mks)

17. State **one** failure of the organization of African unity

(1mk)

SECTION B (45 MKS)

Answer any THREE questions in the section.

18. a) State **three** characteristics of regional trade

(3mks)

b) Explain **six** reasons for the decline of Trans-Atlantic trade

(12mks)

19. a) Identify **five** reasons why Lewanika collaborated with the British

(5mks)

b) Explain **five** reasons why the FRELIMO succeeded in the armed struggle against the Portuguese

(10mks)

20. a) State **three** demands put across by Austrian authorities to the Serbian government in relation to the Sarajevo assassinatio

(3mks)

b) Explain **five** political effects of the Second World War

(12mks)

21. a) State **five** challenges facing the common wealth

(5mks)

b) Explain **five** objectives of the East African community in the 1967 treaty

(10mks)

SECTION C (30MKS)

Answer any TWO questions from this section

22. a) State **three** factors that contributed to the decline of the Buganda kingdom

(3mks)

b) Describe the social organization of the Asante during the 19th century

(12mks)

23. a) State **five** factors for the growth of the Shona kingdom in the 19th century

(5mks)

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

b) Explain **five** reasons why the policy of assimilation failed in Senegal

(10mks)

24. a) State **three** duties of Emirs in Northern Nigeria

(5mks)

b) Explain **five** reasons why Ghana got independence earlier than other African countries

(10mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 14

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A: (25 Marks)

Answer ALL questions

1. Name the main source of historical information used in grouping the language groups in Kenya
2. Name two communities that make up Western Bantu. 2mks
3. State two reasons why the Omani rulers were interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan coast. 2mks
4. State two ways in which Kenyan Communities interacted in the pre-colonial period. 2mks
5. Identify two ways in which the Maasai benefitted from their collaboration with the British. 2mks
6. Name two treaties that were used to partition East Africa. 2mks
7. Give one peaceful method of resolving conflicts in Kenya. 1mk
8. State two ways in which direct democracy is exercised in Kenya. 2mks
9. Name one development right of children. 1mk
10. Apart from Agikuyu give one community that practised mixed reaction to establishment of colonial rule by the British. 1mk
11. Give two ways in which education system in Kenya promotes National Unity . 2mks
12. State two characteristics of early political organization established in Kenya before 1932. 2mks
13. Give two members of the County Executive Committee 2mks
14. Give the main function of the parliament. 1mk
15. Identify one type of government expenditure in Kenya. 1mk
16. State one pillar of Nyayoism 1mk

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

17. What is the main challenge of Free Day Secondary Education? 1mk

SECTION B: (45 Marks)
Answer any THREE questions

18. a) Three communities in Kenya who belong to the Coastal Bantu. 3mks
b) Six results of the migration and settlement of the Agikuyu in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. 12mks
19. a) State three reasons why Seyyid Said transferred his capital from Muscat to Zanzibar. 3mks
b) Six effects of missionary activities in Kenya. 12mks
20. a) Give five reasons for the construction of the Uganda Railway. 5mks
b) Explain five problems encountered during the construction of Uganda railway. 10mks
21. a) State five factors that facilitated Mau Mau movement. 5mks
b) Explain five roles played by the trade union movement in the struggle for independence in Kenya. 10mks

SECTION C: (30 Marks)
Answer any TWO questions in this section

22. a) Mention five values of a good Kenyan citizen. 5mks
b) Explain five social-economic rights of a Kenyan citizen 5mks
23. a) Give three principles guiding public revenue and expenditure in Kenya. 3mks
b) Explain six reasons why the Kenyan government prepares national budget annually? 12 mks
24. a) State the composition of the supreme court. 3mks
b) Explain the concept of natural justice. 12mks

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 14

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

1. Name **two** types of written materials used by historians as a source of history and Government. (2mks)
2. Identify **one** artifact that is likely to be found in an archaeological site. (1mk)
3. Name the **main** method that was used to plant cereal crops when early agriculture began. (1mk)
4. Identify **two** advantages of barter as a method of exchange of goods during the Trans-Atlantic Trade. (2mks)
5. State **one** result of the invention of the wheel in Mesopotamia. (1mk)
6. State **two** advantages of horn blowing as a means of communication during the pre-colonial period. (2mks)
7. Give **two** inventions that improved textile industry in Britain in the 18th Century. (2mks)
8. Identify the **main** factor that led to the growth of Meroe. (1mk)
9. State **two** functions of the Saza chiefs among the Buganda in the 19th Century. (2mks)
10. State **one** social reason for the coming of Europeans to Africa in the 19th Century. (1mk)
11. Identify **two** European activities in Africa during the 19th Century. (2mk)
12. Give **one** method used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa. (1mk)
13. State **two** roles played by Kwame Nkrumah in the Struggle for independence in Ghana. (2mks)
14. Identify **one** weapon used during the cold war. (1mk)
15. Name **two** permanent members of the United Nations who are non-Europeans. (2mks)

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16. Give the **main** reason why Pan African Movement was formed at the beginning of 20th Century. (1mk)
17. Name **one** type of elections held for the house of common in Britain. (1mk)

SECTION B: (45MARKS)

Answer any THREE questions from this section.

18. a) Give reasons why hunting and gathering was a group activity during Stone Age-period. (5mks)
b) Describe **five** ways in which the development of upright posture improved the early man's way of life. (12mks)
19. a) State **five** factors that contributed to the development of the Trans-Atlantic Trade. (5mks)
b) Explain **five** negative effects of the Trans-Atlantic Trade on African Communities. (10mks)
20. a) Give **five** benefits of the development of railway transport in Europe during the late 19th Century. (5mks)
b) Explain **five** disadvantages of using air transport. (10mks)
21. a) Give **three** factors that enabled Europeans powers to colonize Africa in the late 19th Century. (3mks)
b) Explain **six** political impacts of Scramble and partition of Africa. (12mks)

SECTION C: (30MARKS)

Answer any TWO questions from this section

22. a) Give **three** economic organization of the Buganda Kingdom during the pre-colonial period. (3mks)
b) Describe the social organization of the Buganda Kingdom during the pre-colonial period. (12mks)
23. a) State **three** roles played by United States of America in ending the Second World War. (3mks)
b) Explain **six** reasons why the Central Powers were defeated in the First World War (12mks)
24. a) Identify **three** ways through which United Nations promote peace in the world. (3mks)
b) Explain **six** functions of the General Assembly of the United Nations. (12mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 15

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section

1. What was the basic unit of political organisation of pre-colonial African communities in Kenya?

(1 mk)
2. Give two economic activities acquired by the Maasai as a result of their interaction with this Bantus.

(2 mks)
3. State two positive effects of the Indian Ocean trade on the coast of Kenya.

(2 mks)
4. State two contributions of Ludwig Krapf in this spread of Christianity in Kenya.

(2 mks)
5. Give one role of this Njuri Ncheke among the Meru.

(1 mk)
6. Identify one reason that led to the decline of the city of Kilwa.

(1 mk)
7. State two reasons why the Nandi resisted the British for long.

(2 mks)
8. Give two reasons for the construction of Kenya – Uganda railway.

(2 mks)
9. Identify one newspaper which published African grievances up to 1943.

(1 mk)
10. Name one ex-officio members in parliament.

(1 mk)
11. State two ways in which the Kenyan constitution promotes national unity.

(2 mks)
12. State two features of political organizations which were formed in Kenya before 1939.

(2 mks)

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13. What is the main disadvantage of using negotiation as a method of conflict resolution?
(1 mk)
14. Identify one institution which advised the governor in Kenya in the administration of the colony during the early 20th century.
(1 mk)
15. Identify one type of democracy.
(1 mk)
16. Give two reasons why elections are held regularly in Kenya today.
(2 mks)
17. Which is the highest court in Kenya's judicial system?
(1 mk)

SECTION B (45MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

18. (a) Name three Eastern Cushitic groups in Kenya.
(3 mks)
- (b) Describe the social organization of the Mijikenda during the pre-colonial period.
(12 mks)
19. (a) Identify five sources of information on the history of the coast of East Africa
(5 mks)
- (b) Explain five social results of the contact between the Kenyan coast and the outside world by 1500 AD.
(10 mks)
20. (a) Give five reasons for the rise of African independent churches in Kenya during the colonial period.
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain five roles played by women during the struggle for independence in Kenya.
(5 mks)
21. (a) Identify three ways in which settler farming affected African farming in Kenya.
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain six settlers contribution to the development of agriculture during this colonial period in Kenya.
(12 mks)

SECTION C (30MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

22. (a) Identify five elements of a good citizenship.
(5 mks)
- (b) Explain five factors which undermine national unity.
(10 mks)
23. (a) Identify five ways in which Kenyan government ensures that the rule of law is upheld.
(5 mks)
- (b) Outline five constitutional changes instituted in Kenya between 1981 and 1992
(10 mks)
24. (a) Give three reasons that may lead to the impeachment of a governor from office
(3 mks)
- (b) Explain six reforms that have been introduced in the correctional institutions in Kenya. (12 mks)

KCSE MOCK TRIAL 15

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HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT PAPER 2

Time: 2 ½ hours

SECTION A (25MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section

1. Name the type of government in which a group of people from the highest social class rule over others.
(1 mk)
2. State two limitation of using archaeology as a source of historical information.
(2 mks)
3. State two results of the enclosure movement in Britain during the Agrarian revolution.
(2 mks)
4. Name two materials used to record written messages in ancient times.
(2 mks)
5. Identify any two form of communication in traditional societies.
(2 mks)
6. Give any disadvantages of television as a modern means of communication.
(1 mk)
7. Identify the contribution of Jethro-Tull in the field of Agriculture
(1 mk)
8. Give one reason that made the golden stool very important in pre-colonial period among the Asante.

(1 mk)
9. Name the type of constitution used in Britain.
(1 mk)
10. What was the main factor that led to the growth of Johannesburg city?
(1 mk)
11. Give two functions of Emirs during the British indirect rule in Northern Nigeria.
(2 mks)
12. Identify two personalities whose activities promoted colonialism in Africa.
(2 mks)
13. Give one reason why the Berlin conference was convened.
(1 mk)
14. Name the treaty signed between Samori Toure and the French in 1886.
(1 mk)

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15. Give two reforms introduced by the Germans after Maji Maji rebellion in Tanganyika.
(2 mks)
16. State two reasons why the schliefiens plan failed to guarantee the Germans a quick win in the First World War.
(2 mks)
17. What was the immediate cause of the First World War?
(1 mk)

SECTION B (45MARKS)

Answer any three questions in this section

18. (a) Give three ways in which Stone Age period was important to the evolution of man.
(3 mks)
(b) Describe the culture of man during the Old Stone Age period.
(12 mks)
19. (a) State five reasons why pre-colonial communities in Africa engaged in trade.
(5 mks)
(b) Explain five factors that have led to the industrial growth in south Africa.
(10 mks)
20. (a) State reasons for Lewanika's collaboration with the British.
(3 mks)
(b) Explain the political organisation of the Asante Kingdom.
(12 mks)
21. (a) Name three political parties in South Africa.
(3 mks)
(b) Explain six factors that led to the development of African nationalism in Ghana.
(12 mks)

SECTION C (30MARKS)

Answer any two questions in this section

22. (a) State five causes of the First World War.
(5 mks)
(b) Explain five reasons why the League of Nations failed to preserve world peace.
(10 mks)
23. (a) Identify three chartered companies which were used by European powers to acquire colonies in Africa.
(3 mks)
(b) Explain the political impact of partition of Africa by European powers.
(12 mks)

24. (a) State three aims of the economic community of West Africa. (ECOWAS)
(3 mks)
(b) Explain six challenges facing economic community of West African state.
(ECOWAS) (12mks)

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