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CLUSTER EXAMS

CLASS 6

SERIES 001-19

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL 0795491185

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SOUTH CLUSTER

ENGLISH STD 6

Fill in the blank spaces numbered 1-15 from the choices given.

The cat is believed to have been domesticated in Egypt. Today the domestic cat is found in 1 all parts of the world. The domestic cat gives birth to a bout three 2. Domestic cats can produce young ones 3 many as three times in a year. They have the ability to 4 together large numbers. In homes, the cats 5 mainly on milk and meat. Domestic cats that live out doors 6 on small animals like rats and mice. 7 many people keep cats in their homes mainly for this purpose. Others keep cats as 8. Domestic cats are 9 animals, preferring to live alone with their kittens. 10 in areas with plenty of food they live in families and groups.

Cats without a home are referred to as 11 cats. Abandoning cats is putting them in danger of being ran 12 by vehicles. They also risk being attacked by other animals 13 as dogs.

Abandoned cats become wild and 14 even attack human beings. They are exposed to various risks and can die of hunger 15 they are sick or too old to hunt.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|
| 1. A. about | B. nearly | C. over | D. with |
| 2. A. calves | B. puppies | C. kids | D. kittens |
| 3. A. as | B. like | C. in | D. at |
| 4. A. survive | B. live | C. stay | D. get |
| 5. A. feed | B. Live | C. consume | D. exist |
| 6. A. prey | B. hunt | C. chase | D. attack |
| 7. A. Indeed | B. Infact | C.although | D. while |
| 8. A. friends | B. Livestock | C. pets | D. food |
| 9. A. lonely | B. single | C. solitary | D. loners |
| 10. A. But | B. yet | C. Nevertheless | D. However |
| 11. A. confused | B. stray | C. domestic | D. new |
| 12. A. on | B. over | C. across | D. into |
| 13. A. Like | B. such | C. example | D. those |
| 14. A. will | B. shall | C. may | D. can |
| 15. A. if | B. for | C. while | D. because |

For questions 16 to 18 complete the sentence with the most appropriate word.

16. The thieves got into the compound by jumping ___ the fence.
- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| A. up | B. over |
| C. across | D. through |

17. She has been going to school ___ foot since her bicycle broke down.

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| A. by | B. with |
| C. along | D. on |

18. Mrs Ojijo left this school thirteen years ___

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| A. earlier | B. before |
|------------|-----------|

- C. ago D. since

For questions 19 and 20 complete the sentences using adjectives in the correct order.

19. The girls wore ___blouses.

- A. Cotton clean white
B. Clean white cotton
C. White cotton clean
D. Clean cotton white

20. I bought ___ pots

- A. fifty brown clay
B. brown clay fifty
C. fifty clay brown
D. brown fifty clay

For questions 21 to 23 select the best collective noun.

21. A ___ of sheep.

- A. nest B. swam
C. flock D. litter

22. A ___ of keys

- A. bunch B. school
C. group D. team

23. A ___ of prayers.

- A. Cluster B. team

- C. bench D. swarm.

For questions 24 to 25 choose the best preposition.

24. He shared the fruits ___ the two boys.

- A. between B. among C. by D. on

25. One of the passengers ran ___ the road.

- A. across B. over C. into D. on

Choose the best alternative

26. The soldiers died ___ a road accident.

- A. at B. of C. in D. by

27. My mother is suffering ___ malaria.

- A. from B. with C. of D. in

Choose the opposite of the underlined words.

28. My pencil is blunt

- A. sharp B. long
C. new D. old

29. Our teacher is absent today.

- A. present B. sick
C. happy D. moody

30. Njugi's father has a lot of wealth.

- A. knowledge B. poverty
C. ignorance D. goods

Read the passage and answer questions 31 to 40.

One evening my mother whipped me for not taking my chores seriously. I did not clean the house properly and when she returned from the market, where she had gone to sell her grocery, she could not spare me. After that I sadly retreated to my bed and soon, I was deeply asleep.

I then ran away into a very deep wilderness and made a home of my own. This would be a home far away from my parents. So peaceful and tranquil for once my mother would not be there with her do's and don'ts my life would have no sadness of any kind though.

Things however changed one afternoon. Strong winds accompanied by lightning struck the ground several times. All the living things I had lived with for months retreated to their respective abodes. Rodents were the first to leave for their holes. Birds complained that their homes were being shaken and flew away to different homes elsewhere. I was left alone and the worst happened. The final lightning struck my home setting a blaze.

For the first time in my life I longed for our home. Our nice home where everyone was present. I had no choice but to go home. It was while I was about to reach home when my mother shook me up. I was almost late for school.

31. What time was the writer punished?
A. At night B. In the evening
C. Morning D. Afternoon
32. The writer was punished because she was __
A. Caring B. Responsible
C. Lazy D. Hardworking
33. The writer mother ____
A. Was very harsh.
B. Was very strict to her daughter .
C. Sold fish and chips.
D. A good housewife.
34. What happened one afternoon?
A. Lightning struck the writers home.
B. Lightning struck homes of all people
C. Rodents migrated to other homes.
D. Birds flew away to different homes.
35. What did the birds complain about?
A. The winds disturbed their peace.
B. Their nests were being shaken.
C. They longed for their peaceful abodes.
D. Rodents had left them.
36. Why did the writer run away from home?
A. She did not accept to be corrected.
B. She was searching for a new home
C. There wasn't peace at home
D. She wanted to be free from problems.
37. The writer can be described as __
A. Sorry B. Stubborn
C. Brave D. Vengeful
38. Where did the writer run away to?
A. The bushes
B. A deep forest
C. The wilderness
D. Far away from home.
39. Why did the writer go back home?
A. She was a sleep.
B. She longed to go home.
C. She had no choice but to go.
D. Home was very near.
40. What lesson do we learn from the story.
A. The lightning is good.
B. We should respect our parents
C. We should run away from home
D. Life in the wilderness is good

Read the following passage carefully and then answer questions 41-50.

The dry season was the period when all the insects worked hard on their farms, preparing for the rainy season. During the rainy season they all remained indoors eating what they had stored during the dry season. It was now the dry season, and the insects were toiling hard on their farms. Replenishing their barns.

The locust and the praying mantis were friends. The praying mantis was a happy go lucky insect and always sang while his friends worked. The locust advised him to go and prepare himself for the change of weather. The mantis was no longer happy staying with his friend. He went to the bee. As usual he danced and sang while the busy bee overworked himself. The bee occasionally brought food and wine which they shared together.

The mantis became ill and could no longer sing and dance. For eight market days he could not leave his house. As soon as he became well again, he started his merry-making.

“Why not go and do a little work on your farm now that you are well again?” the bee suggested.

“Next week. I shall start next week,” the mantis replied dismissively. The rainy season came earlier than expected. Everyone was surprised but the insects were not worried since they had been storing grain for use. When the rainy season began. But the praying mantis was worried. He had already used up all the grain he had when he was ill. He went to the locust to borrow some.

“Go to your friend bee,” was the locust’s sharp answer. He went to the bee but the latter was not prepared to help. The third week of the rainy season saw the praying mantis kick the bucket.

41. According to the first paragraph, the insects worked hard _

- A. when the rains failed.
- B. towards end of the dry season.
- C. during the dry season.
- D. all the time.

42. Which insect did not like working.

- A. bee
- B. locust
- C. praying mantis
- D. fly

43. The animals remained indoors during the rainy season.

- A. so as to eat what they had stored during the dry season.
- B. to escape the effects of the weather change.
- C. to rest after the hard work
- D. to continue working from there.

44. The praying mantis ____ while the busy bee worked.

- A. danced and sang
- B. prepared himself for change of weather
- C. looked for food
- D. collected grains.

45. ____ and ____ were friends.

- A. Bee and Locust
 - B. Insects and Bee
 - C. Praying mantis and Locust
 - D. Locust and animals.
46. The Locust was not interested in the stories of the mantis because.
- A. He did not like stories
 - B. He was too busy to be bothered.
 - C. The stories were not interesting
 - D. He did not like mantis.
47. Why were the insects not worried when the rains came earlier.
- A. They would not get wet
 - B. They were hard-working
 - C. They had already prepared the farms.
 - D. They had enough food in the barns.
48. Why was the praying mantis worried when the rainy season came earlier.
- A. He had already used up all the grain when he was sick
 - B. He had stored the food
 - C. He would borrow the locust
 - D. He had enough time to prepare.
49. The word ill as used in the passage means.
- A. happy B. industrious
 - C. sick D. funny
50. The story of the praying mantis ends.
- A. happily B. surprisingly
 - C. sadly D. shockingly

SOUTH CLUSTER

EVALUATION TEST -

KISWAHILI DARASA LA SITA (6)

Saa : 1 Dakika 40

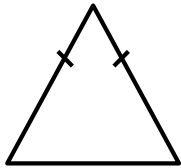
Soma kifungu kifuatacho. Kina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi emepewa majibu manne hapo. Jaza kila pengo kwa kuchagua jawabu lifaalo zaidi.

Nilifika nyumbani na kupata maji _1_ ndani ya sufuria _2_ juu ya meko _3_ kupika chai _4_ mtoto. Mtoto huyo alikuwa akilia _5_ ya njaa. _6_ ya chai kuiva, mama alimwaga _7_ kikombe. Mtoto alifurahia sana kunywa chai. Pia mama _8_ mayai mawili na _9_. Mtoto alishiba ndil. Alitoka na kwenda kucheza na marafiki _10_. Walicheza kandakanda kwa _11_ mrefu sana. Walipochoka, walikaa chini na kupumzika. Watoto wote walitiririkwa na jasho kwenye miili yao. Walipumzika kwa _12_ halafu wakaanza kucheza mchezo wa kujificha na kutafutana, yaani _13_. Wakati wa _14_ watoto wote walienda nyumbani kula chamcha. Siku hiyo _15_ ya furaha kwa watoto hao.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. yakiwa | B. ukiwa | C. ikiwa | D. zikiwa |
| 2. A. yaliwekwa | B. kiliwekwa | C. iliwekwa | D. liliwekwa |
| 3. A. iyo | B. ili | C. ila | D. ile |
| 4. A. za | B. cha | C. ya | D. vya |
| 5. A. kwa sababu | B. lakini | C. kwasababu | D. wala |
| 6. A. Bila | B. Badala | C. Kabla | D. Baada |
| 7. A. ndani mwa | B. kwa | C. katikati | D. ndani ya |
| 8. A. alimkarangia | B. alimkaangia | C. alimkaanga | D. alimkorogea |
| 9. A. kumpea | B. kumpa | C. kumchukua | D. kumtoa |
| 10. A. zake | B. wake | C. yake | D. mwake |
| 11. A. muda | B. siku | C. mda | D. wiki |
| 12. A. lisaa moja | B. saa moja | C. lisa limoja | D. saa limoja |
| 13. A. jugwe | B. kwata | C. kibemasa | D. riadha |
| 14. A. asubuhi | B. jioni | C. alasiri | D. aduhuri |
| 15. A. ilikuwa | B. ulikuwa | C. itakuwa | D. utakuwa |

Kwa nambari 16 mpaka 30 jibu
kulingana na maagazo uliyopewa.

16. Ni kipi si kivumishi cha pekee?
A. Wote B. Nzuri
C. Jingere D. Chenyewe.
17. Utamwitaje mtoto wa mjomba?
A. Shangazi B. Shemeji
C. Ami D. Binamu
18. Anayewakilisha nchi yetu huko
Uganda kwa niaba ya Raisi ni
A. Diwani B. Jasusi
C. Balizi D. Yahe
19. Andika wingi wa sentensi ifuatayo.
Mtume amebeba barua mkononi
A. Watume wamebeba barua
mikononi
B. Matume wamebeba barua
mikononi
C. Mitume wamebeba barua
mikononi
D. Tume zimebeba barua mikononi.
20. Umbo hili ni?



- A. Pembe tatu duara

- B. Pembe tatu mraba
C. Pembe tatu pacha
D. Pembe tatu sawa
21. Kanusha sentensi hii:
Kuchelewa kwake kulifaa.
A. Kulichelewa kwake hakukufaa
B. Kutochelewa kwake hakukufaa
C. Kutochelewa kwake hulifaa
D. Kuchelewa kwake hakukufaa
22. Alfajiri pia ni _
A. Macheo
B. Machweo
C. Adhuhuri
D. Jioni
23. Andika kwa wakati timilifu
Yeye alikuja kwa haraka
A. Yeye hajaja kwa haraka
B. Yeye amekuja polepole
C. Yeye amekuja kwa haraka
D. Yeye anakuja kwa haraka
24. Akisami $\frac{2}{3}$ huitwaje?
A. thumuni mbili
B. nusu tatu
C. thuluthi mbili
D. humusi mbili
25. kitenzi kimbia katika kauli ya
kutendesha ni
A. Kimbiwa
B. Kimbisha
C. Kimbiza
D. Kimbiwa
26. Neno mbao liko katika ngeli ya
A I – ZI B. U – ZI
C. I – I D. Li – Ya
27. Kinyume cha funika ni?
A. Fungua B. Funua
C. Funika D. Funisha
28. Ukubwa wa neno msitu ni ____
A. Kisitu B. msitu
C. misitu D. situ

29. Andika kwa maneno.

Watoto 13.

- A. Watoto kumi na watatu.
- B. Watoto kumi na tatu .
- C. Watoto wakumi na tatu.
- D. Watoto wakumi na watatu.

30. Tumia “amba” kukamilisha sentensi ifuatayo.

Kipepeo _____ ameruka ni huyu.

- A. Ambacho
- B. Ambao
- C. Ambalo
- D. Ambaye.

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31-40.

Usafiri ni sehemu muhimu sana katika maisha yetu ya kila siku. Tuna usafiri mbalimbali kama vile wa angani, majini na barabarani. Usafiri ambao hutumika sana ni ule wa barabarani ambapo watu hutumia baiskeli, magari, pikipiki, tuktuk, riksho na kadhalika. Kuna magari ya kibinafsi na yale ambayo si ya kibinafsi. Magari ambayo si ya kibinafsi humlazimisha mtumiaji kulipa nauli.

Usafiri ambao humlazimu mtu kutumia pesa nyingi sana ni ule wa angani. Usafiri huo wa angani humhitaji mtu aianze safari yake na kukamilisha katika uwanja wa ndege au angatua. Usafiri wa aina hii pia ndio wa haraka sana. Mara nyingi hutumiwa na watu wasiotaka kupoteza wakati au iwapo vifaa vinavyosafirishwa vinaweza kuharibika. Njia ya usafiri ambayo huwaangamiza watu sana ni ile ya barabarani. Ajali za barabarani hufanya watu wengi wafariki. Kila mara utasikia kuwa gari limeanguka, magari yamegongana au hata gari limemgonga mtu. Sababu kuu ya ajali za barabarani ni kutojali kuwa watu wanaotumia barabara. Wengi hawafuati maagizo na sharia za barabarani.

Ni mara ngapi wewe umesafiri ndani ya gari bila kuufunga mshipi au mkanda wa usalama? Wakati fulani magari huendeshwa kwa kasi sana na kuishia kuanguka. Nyakati zingine utagundua kuwa madereva wengine huendesha magari wakiwa walevi chakari. Hili ni tendo la kipumbavu sana.

Pia, si jambo la ajabu kupata magari yakibeba abiria wengi kupita kiasi. Mara kwa mara, wale wanaovunja sheria za barabara hupeana hongo ili waendeleze tabia zao mbaya. Kila mmoja afuate sheria ili tupunguze ajali za barabarani.

31. Mwandishi anasema kuwa ni nini ambacho ni muhimu sana katika maisha yetu ya kila siku?
A. Pesa B. Chakula
C. Usafiri D. Afya
32. Ni usafiri gani ambao hutumika sana?
A. Hewani B. Angani
C. Majini D. Barabarani
33. Magari ambayo si ya kibinafsi ni gani?
A. Ya umma B. Ya watu
C. Ya uma D. Ya umati
34. Ikiwa unataka kufika haraka sana, utatumia
A. Ndege B. Piki piki
C. Gari la kibinafsi D. Riksho
35. Ni nahau gani inayomaanisha wafariki?
A. Wapige dua
B. Wagonge mwamba
C. Wakate kamba
D. Wapige kamsa
36. Magari yanapoendeshwa kwa haraka na mwishowe kuanguka, tunaweza tukatumia methali gani?
A. Ajali haina kinga
B. Haraka haraka haina baraka
C. Ajali haijali
D. Kifo hakichagui
37. Hongo hupewa nani kulingana na kifungu hiki?
A. Dereva B. Kondakta
B. Abiria D. Polisi
38. Sababu kuu ya ajali za barabarani ni gani?
A. Kutofuata sheria za barabarani
B. Kutojali kwa wanaotumia barabara.
C. Barabara mbovu
D. Kuendesha magari kwa kasi
39. Ni tendo gani ambalo ni la kipumbavu kulingana na habari hii?
A. Madereva kuendesha magari wakiwa walevi.
B. Magari kuendeshwa kwa kasi
C. Abiria kutofunga mishipi ya usalama
D. Magari kubeba abiria wengi sana.
40. Ni nani anayefaa kufuata sheria ili tupunguze ajali?
A. Abiria B. Dereva
C. Sisi sote D. Polisi

Soma ushairi huu kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Ukimwi ondoka hapa, unatutia mashaka,
Roho zetu zinapapa, jina lako kutamka,
Sote tunakuogopa, nani anayekutaka?
Ukimwi wacha kuua, tunayataka maisha.

Umeua babu yangu, nyanya baba hata mama,
Unawaua Wazungu, wahindi, Meka na Bana,
Wameliza ulimwengu, nyuyoki na Hiroshima,
Ukimwi wacha kuua, tunayataka maisha

Hakuna anakupenda, ila awe hayawani,
Mwenye bongo atashinda, ajichunge maishani,
Ama sivyo atakonda, hadi kule kaburini,
Ukimwi wacha kuua, tunayataka maisha.

Nyinyi msiokanyika, sasa leo nawambia,
Ugonjwa unatibika, na kifo hakina dawa,
Ukimwi ukikushika, kaburini utaingia,
Ukimwi wacha kuua, tunayataka maisha.

Siwezi kuishi pekee, upweke kweli uvundo,
Maoni yangu mshike, maunze badili mwendo,
Muache yenu makeke, fuata mema matendo,
Ukimwi wacha kuua, tunayataka maisha.

41. Shairi hili ni la aina gani?

- A. Tathlitha
- B. Tarbia
- C. Takhmisa
- D. Tathmia

42. Fafanua kibwagizo cha shairi hili.

- A. Ukimwi ondoka hapa, unatutia shaka
- B. Siwezi kuishi pekee, upweke ukweli uvundo.
- C. Ukimwi wacha kuua, tunayataka maisha
- D. Wamaliza ulimwengu. Nyuyoki na itiroshima.

43. Mshororo wa mwisho usiorudiwarudiwa huitwa?

- A. Kibwagizo
 - B. Kiitikio
 - C. Mkarara
 - D. Kituo
44. Shairi hili lina beti ngapi?
- A. Nne B. Tano
 - C. Tatu D. Sita
45. Kulingana na ubeti wa pili.
- A. Ukimwi ni kifo
 - B. Ukimwi unaua wazungu pekee
 - C. Ukimwi si tishio
 - D. Ukimwi unabagua wakuua
46. Ugonjwa wa ukimwi
- A. Una tiba
 - B. Hauna dawa
 - C. Unaheshimu waliosoma
 - D. Unawakandamiza wasiojiweza.
47. Mshororo wa kwanza katika ubeti wa pili una mizani mingapi?
- A. Kumi
 - B. Kumi na mine
 - C. Kumi na sita
 - D. Minane
48. Onyesha kina cha kati cha mshororo wa tatu katika ubeti wa kwanza.
- A. ngu B. ni C.ma D.pa
49. Mtu anayetunga mashairi huitwaje?
- A. Malenga B. Manju
 - C. Mjuzi D. Mwinyi
50. Toa kichwa mwafaka cha ushairi huu
- A. Kifo B. Mashaka
 - C. Ukimwi D. Maisha duni

SOUTH CLUSTER

EVALUATION TEST -

MATHEMATICS STD SIX (6)

Time : 2hrs

1. What is two million, two thousand two hundred and two, written in figure?
A. 2,200,202
B. 2,020,202
C. 2,002,202
D. 202,202
2. What is the value of $38760 \div 19$
A. 24
B. 204
C. 2004
D. 2040
3. What is the value of 894356 rounded off to the nearest thousands.
A. 894000
B. 894300
C. 890000
D. 894350
4. How many groups of tens are there in the total value of 6 in the number 4060328.
A. 60
B. 6000
C. 600
D. 6003
5. What is the number 548.4906 rounded to two decimal places.
A. 549.50
B. 548.5
C. 548.49
D. 548.51
6. Which number is not divisible by 8.
A. 520432
B. 80400
C. 35344
D. 66724
7. How many $\frac{1}{2}$ kg packets of sugar can be obtained from 120 kg.
A. 240
B. 60
C. 120
D. 200
8. What is the square root of 0.0064
A. 0.008
B. 0.08
C. 0.8
D. 8
9. The area of a square room is 625m^2 , find its perimeter.
A. 25m
B. 100m
C. 50m
D. 125m
10. Malongo read $\frac{3}{8}$ of a book on Friday $\frac{1}{4}$ on Saturday and the rest on Sunday. What fraction did he read on Sunday.

- A. $\frac{5}{24}$ B. $\frac{3}{8}$
 C. $\frac{5}{8}$ D. $\frac{3}{4}$

11. Ninety five petrol stations were supplied with three hundred and eighty nine thousands, five hundred litres of petrol. If the petrol was shared equally, how many litres did each petrol station get?

- A. 4100 B. 40100
 C. 41000 D. 3910

12. Find missing numbers in the Magic square below.

5	13	6
9	a	7
10	3	b

- | | a | b |
|----|----------|----------|
| A. | 11 | 10 |
| B. | 8 | 11 |
| C. | 8 | 7 |
| D. | 20 | 1 |

13. What is the value of $5 - 1\frac{3}{4} - 1\frac{1}{3}$?

- A. $3\frac{5}{2}$
 B. $2\frac{7}{12}$
 C. $1\frac{11}{12}$
 D. 2

14. How many 250ml bottles can fill a 50L Jerican.

- A. 200 B. 2000
 C. 20 D. 2

15. Write $\frac{9}{15}$ as a percentage.

- A. 30% B. 50%
 C. 40% D. 60%

16. Find the value of X in equation

$$4(x-3) = 24$$

- A. 3 B. $5\frac{1}{4}$
 C. 9 D. $6\frac{3}{4}$

17. Zainabu earns 18000/= per month. If she saves 20%. How much does she spend?

- A. Shs. 14400 B. Shs. 3600
 C. Shs. 36000 D. Shs. 1440

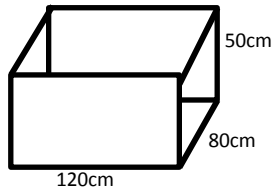
18. Work out : $4.75 + 38.407 + 27$

- A. 70.157 B. 69.157
C. 43.157 D. 27.157

19. How many 50 shillings note are there in four 500 shillings note.

- A. 10 B. 20
C. 40 D. 400

20. What is the volume of the figure below in cubic meters.



- A. 0.48 B. 48000
C. 4800 D. 48

21. Ng'ong'a bought 8 exercise books @ shs. 25, 3 pencils @ shs. 48, 4 rubbers for shs. 45 and a fountain pen at shs. 50. How much did he pay.

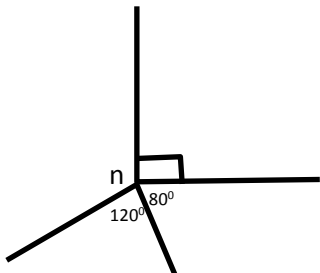
- A. Shs. 484 B. shs. 249
C. shs. 384 D. shs. 439

22. Work out

$$8 \overline{) 24\text{km } 680\text{m } 48\text{cm}}$$

- A. 5km 220m 60cm
B. 6km 18m 60cm
C. 3km 82m 8cm
D. 3km 85m 6cm

23. What is the value of angle n



- A. 80° B. 70° C. 160° D. 90°

24. Work out

$$623\ 7812 - 4037215 + 21431$$

- A. 2179166 B. 57497
C. 2222038 D. 2222028

25. Arshley bought 25 hens at shs. 320 each, 5 of them died. He sold the remaining ones at shs. 350 each. What loss did he make?

- A. Shs. 8000 B. Shs. 1000
C. Shs. 8750 D. Shs. 7000

26. What is the difference between the LCM and GCD of 12, 18 and 24?

- A. 66 B. 78
C. 72 D. 6

27. How many days were there from 1st January upto March 31st of the year 2016.

- A. 90 B. 89
C. 91 D. 92

28. A morning lesson started 5 minutes to ten am and took 45 minutes, at what time did the lesson end?

- A. 10.00am B. 10.40pm
C. 10.00pm D. 10.40am

29. What is the simplest form of

$$4x + \frac{1}{3}(9x - 3y)?$$

- A. $7x + y$ B. $7x - 3y$
C. $7x - y$ D. $7x + 3y$

30. A family uses 500ml packets of milk daily. How many litres of milk did the family consume in the months of January and February 2018?.

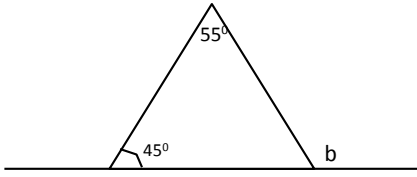
- A. 59000L B. 59L
C. 29.5L D. 60L

31. Find the next number in the pattern below.

5, 10, 17, 26

- A. 36 B. 43
C. 37 D. 41

32. Find the value of angle marked b?

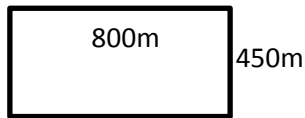


- A. 45°
- B. 80°
- C. 55°
- D. 100°

33. A pair of shoes was bought @ shs. 600 and later sold @ shs. 750/=. What was the percentage profit?

- A. 15%
- B. 25%
- C. 20%
- D. 80%

34. What is the area of the figure below in hectares.



- A. 360000
- B. 3600
- C. 36
- D. 360

35. Work out:- $3\frac{9}{10} \div \frac{3}{5}$

- B. A. $\frac{15}{42}$
- B. $1\frac{23}{30}$
- C. $5\frac{17}{30}$
- D. $6\frac{1}{2}$

36. Arrange from smallest to largest

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \text{ and } \frac{5}{6}$$

- A. $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{4}$
- B. $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}$
- C. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}$
- D. $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}$

37. What is the sum of complement 70° and supplement of 100° ?

- A. 100°
- B. 80°
- C. 20°
- D. 60°

38. A bus left Manyulia at 12.45am. what is this time in 24hour clock system?

- A. 1245h
- B. 2445h
- C. 0045h
- D. 2345h

39. A section of a road 2.4km long was drawn using a scale 1cm rep. 300m. what is the drawing length?

- A. 800cm
- B. 80cm
- C. 0.8cm
- D. 8cm

40. What is the value of $5.04 \div 0.9$?

- A. 56
- B. 5.6
- C. 0.56
- D. 560

41. The table below shows cost of sending letters.

Type of article	Cost in shs.
Not over 20g	20.00
Not over 50g	25.00
Not over 100g	30.00
Not over 250g	40.00
Not over 500g	50.00
Not over 1kg	65.00
Not over 2kg	80.00

Ndemo sent three letters one weighing 150g and two other weighing 1.2 kg how much did he pay for postage?

- A. Shs. 200 B. shs. 160
C.shs. 120 D. shs. 190

42. Which one of the following is a terminating decimal.

- A. $\frac{2}{3}$
B. $\frac{5}{6}$
C. $\frac{3}{4}$
D. $\frac{5}{6}$

43. Which of the following is WRONG, about equilateral triangle.

- A. Each interior angle is 90°
B. All sides are equal
C. Sum of interior angles add upto 180°
D. Each interior angle is 60°

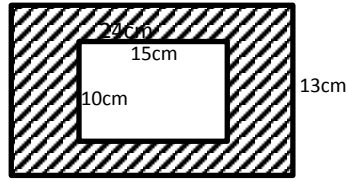
44. Jeremiahs stride is 75cm 6mm long. What is the length of the shade in milimitres?

- A. 75.6mm
B. 7506mm
C. 756mm
D. 7.56mm

45. A car covered a distance of 180km in 1h 40mins. What was its speed in km/h.

- A. 300
B. 120
C. 30
D. 108

46. Find area of the shaded region in the figure below?

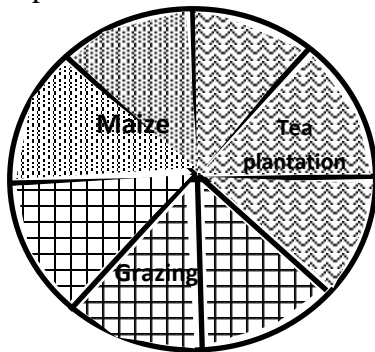


- A. 312cm^2 B. 150cm^2
 C. 462cm^2 D. 162cm^2
47. What is the product of the faces and vertices of an open cube?
 A. 60 B. 48
 C. 40 D. 75
48. The table below show class 6 attendance

Days of the week	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri
Pupils present	42	38	40	43	37

What was the mean attendance.

- A. 200 B. 40
 C. 37 D. 42
49. A circle has a radius of 17.5m. calculate the distance round
 (Take $\pi \frac{22}{7}$)
 A. 35m B. 110m
 C. 55m D. 145m
50. The pie chart below shows how Randari used his 48ha land.



What size of land was under maize plantation.

- A. 12ha B. 6ha
 C. 18ha D. 24ha

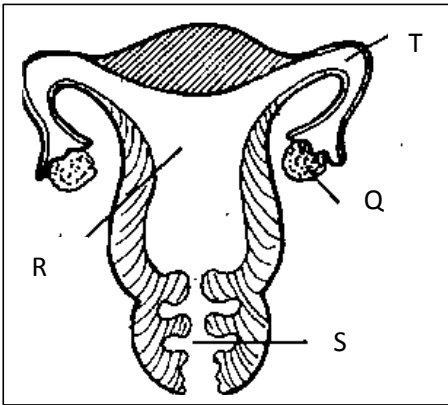
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EVALUATION TEST -

SCIENCE STD SIX Time : 1 hr 40 Mins

1. Which of the following is NOT a female reproductive part?
 - A. Vagina
 - B. urethra
 - C. Uterus
 - D. Oviduct

2. Which part of the reproductive system is correctly matched with the function?



PART	FUNCTION
A. T	fertilization site
B. S	development of young one
C. R	release female eggs
D. Q	passage of a baby

3. Which physical changes correctly describes those for girls and boys ONLY.

	BOYS	GIRLS
A.	wet dreams	enlargement of breast
B.	broadening of hips	hair grow on the face
C.	menstruation	wet dreams
D.	broadening of shoulders	voice breaks

4. Digestion of food begins in the _

- A. Mouth
- B. Stomach
- C. Small intestine
- D. Duodenum

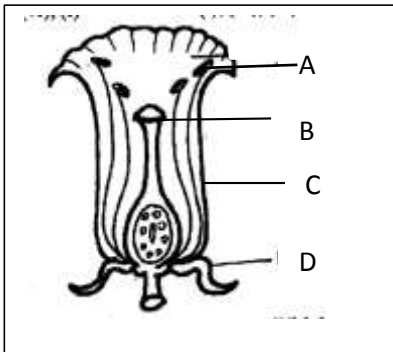
5. Which part of breathing system is kept open by hard C shaped rings?

- A. Diaphragm
- B. Nose
- C. Lungs
- D. Trachea

6. Tooth used for grinding and chewing is __

- A. Sharp
- B. Rough
- C. Long
- D. Flat

7. Which part of a flower is used for attracting insects?



8. Which one of the following is the **first** step in fertilization in plants?

- A. Pollination
- B. Fusion
- C. Pollen tube is formed
- D. Bursting of pollen

9. In maize seed an endosperm is used for ____
- A. Development of an embryo
 - B. Protection of inner parts
 - C. Sucks in water and air
 - D. Storage of food.
10. Pupils brought the following materials to investigate condition necessary for seed germination.
- (i) *Cotton wool*
 - (ii) *Water*
 - (iii) *Tins*
 - (iv) *Seeds*

Which condition necessary for seed germination were they finding out?

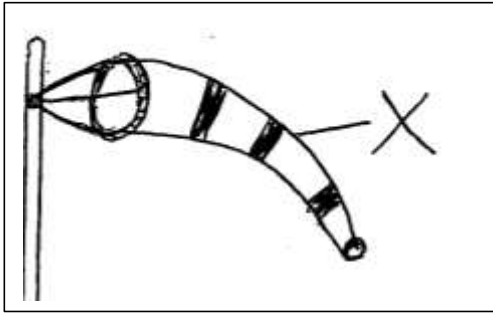
- A. Air
 - B. Warmth
 - C. Water
 - D. Soil
11. Which plant is a food crop?
- A. Sunflowers
 - B. Tea
 - C. Wheat
 - D. Coconut
12. A weed with green fruits that turn yellow when ripe
- A. Has thorny stems
 - B. Has yellow or purple leaves
 - C. Has sticky seeds
 - D. Is eaten as vegetables
13. Which plants stores food in the same part as a cabbage?
- A. Carrot
 - B. Onion
 - C. Potato
 - D. Sugarcane
14. Which one is an immunisable diseases.
- A. Tuberculosis
 - B. HIV/AIDS
 - C. Bilharzia
 - D. Malaria
15. Std 6 pupils listed signs and symptoms of certain diseases.
- (i) *Chest pains*
 - (ii) *Vomiting*
 - (iii) *Prolonged coughing*
 - (iv) *Headache*

Which two signs are for malaria?

- A. (i), (ii)
- B. (iii), (iv)
- C. (ii), (iv)
- D. (i), (iii)

16. Yellow fever is immunized at the same time with ____
- A. Polio
 - B. Tetanus
 - C. Measles
 - D. Pertusis
17. Which one is an importance of HIV/AIDS testing?
- A. To know how many people are infected
 - B. To know people to be employed
 - C. To seek treatment for the infected
 - D. To know how soon death will come
18. Which statement is correct?
- A. Child start shedding teeth at 6 years
 - B. Molars are shed last
 - C. Canines are shed first
 - D. Deciduous replace permanent teeth.
19. Which food maintains our teeth.
- A. Cakes
 - B. Milk
 - C. Biscuits
 - D. Sweets
20. Which body fluids cannot contain HIV?
- A. Blood
 - B. Semen
 - C. Saliva
 - D. Urine
21. Which planet is the largest in size.
- A. Neptune
 - B. Saturn
 - C. Earth
 - D. Jupiter
22. Which material is used for mounting planets on the soft board during modeling
- A. Glue
 - B. Thorns
 - C. Cellotape
 - D. Manilla
23. Clouds that bring rain are ____
- A. White
 - B. High in the sky
 - C. Mountainous
 - D. Feathery

24. The drawn weather instrument was constructed by std 5



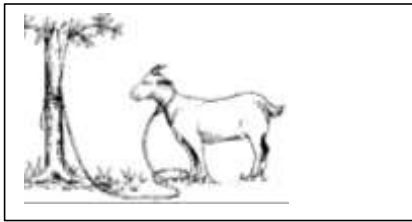
Part X is made from ___

- A. Manila paper
- B. Sheet of metal
- C. Mosquito net
- D. Polythene bag

25. Lucerne provides livestock with ___

- A. Vitamins
- B. Carbohydrates
- C. Proteins
- D. Minerals

26. In the shown picture the farmer is practicing



- A. Paddockging
- B. Tethering
- C. Strip grazing
- D. Zero grazing

27. Fish meal is ___

- A. Pasture
- B. Concentrate
- C. Fodder
- D. Conserved

28. Which list has egg laying animals only?

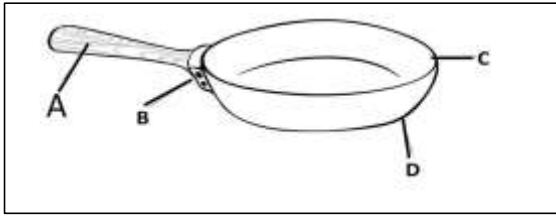
- A. Bat, Whale, Platypus
- B. Whale, Birds, Frogs
- C. Frogs, Bat, Birds
- D. Platypus, Snake, Crocodile

29. A water borne disease that is characterized with blood stained urine is prevented by ____
- A. Treating drinking water
 - B. Wearing protective clothes
 - C. Eating clean foods
 - D. covering pit latrines
30. Which use of water is in the same group as swimming?
- A. Fountain
 - B. Washing
 - C. Fishing
 - D. Transport
31. Splash erosion
- A. Make small holes
 - B. Makes deep channels
 - C. Makes top soil missing
 - D. Makes shallow channels
32. Which group correctly shows traditional and modern food preservation methods

Traditional	Modern
A. Drying	freezing
B. Smoking	salting
C. Freezing	canning
D. Canning	drying

33. Which methods of food preservation is used in preserving maize?
- A. Smoking
 - B. Freezing
 - C. Canning
 - D. Drying
34. Which food provides energy?
- A. Beans
 - B. oils
 - C. Meat
 - D. Mango
35. Which food is NOT important for a child suffering from Kwarshokor.
- A. Rice
 - B. Eggs
 - C. Meat
 - D. Groundnuts
36. Which one is a source of light____
- A. Moon
 - B. Venus
 - C. Mercury
 - D. Fire

37. Which part is made up of poor conductor of heat?



38. Heat transfer in liquids is the same as in ____

- A. Vacuum
- B. Air
- C. Wood
- D. Metals

39. Which one of the following is an artificial way of lighting a house?

- A. Open doors
- B. Lighting a torch
- C. Transparent roofs
- D. Open windows

40. Pupils in a school hear the ringing of a bell because sound ____

- A. Travels in all direction
- B. Can be reflected
- C. Is produced by vibrations
- D. Is of different types

41. Which one is a use of heat

- A. Seeing
- B. Alerting
- C. Cooking
- D. Warning

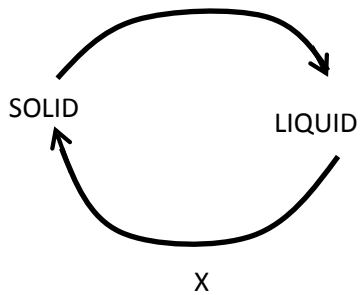
42. Which state of matter is a solid.

- A. Flour
- B. Paste
- C. Steam
- D. Juice

43. Which characteristics of matter is definite for solids, liquids and gases.

- A. Colour
- B. Shape
- C. Volume
- D. Mass

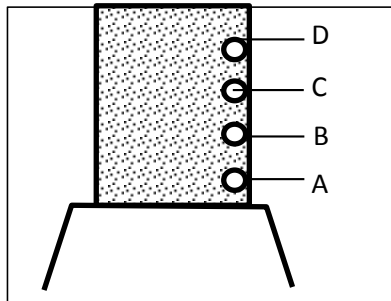
44. Which change of states of matter is marked X?



- A. Melting
 - B. Evaporation
 - C. Condensation
 - D. Freezing
45. Which materials can sink and float respectively.

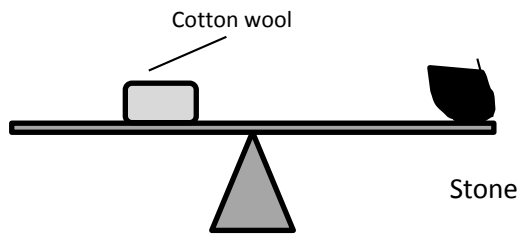
Sink	Float
A. Bottle top	seeds
B. Stone	needle
C. Wood	nail
D. Steel wool	bottle top

46. The best part to place water tap is the one marked ___



47. Which type of soil is good for modeling?
- A. rough soil
 - B. Has best drainage
 - C. Soil from an ant hill
 - D. With a lot of organic matter.

48. Which sentence is correct about the two objects



- A. A stone is heavier than cotton wool.
 - B. Cotton wool is heavier than the stone
 - C. Cotton wool and stone are equal
 - D. Cotton wool is lighter than a stone
49. To cut piece of wood we use a ____
- A. Hammer
 - B. Jembe
 - C. Saw
 - D. Panga
50. Which maintenance practice is done to all tools?
- A. Cleaning before use
 - B. Oiling and greasing
 - C. Proper storage
 - D. Sharpening

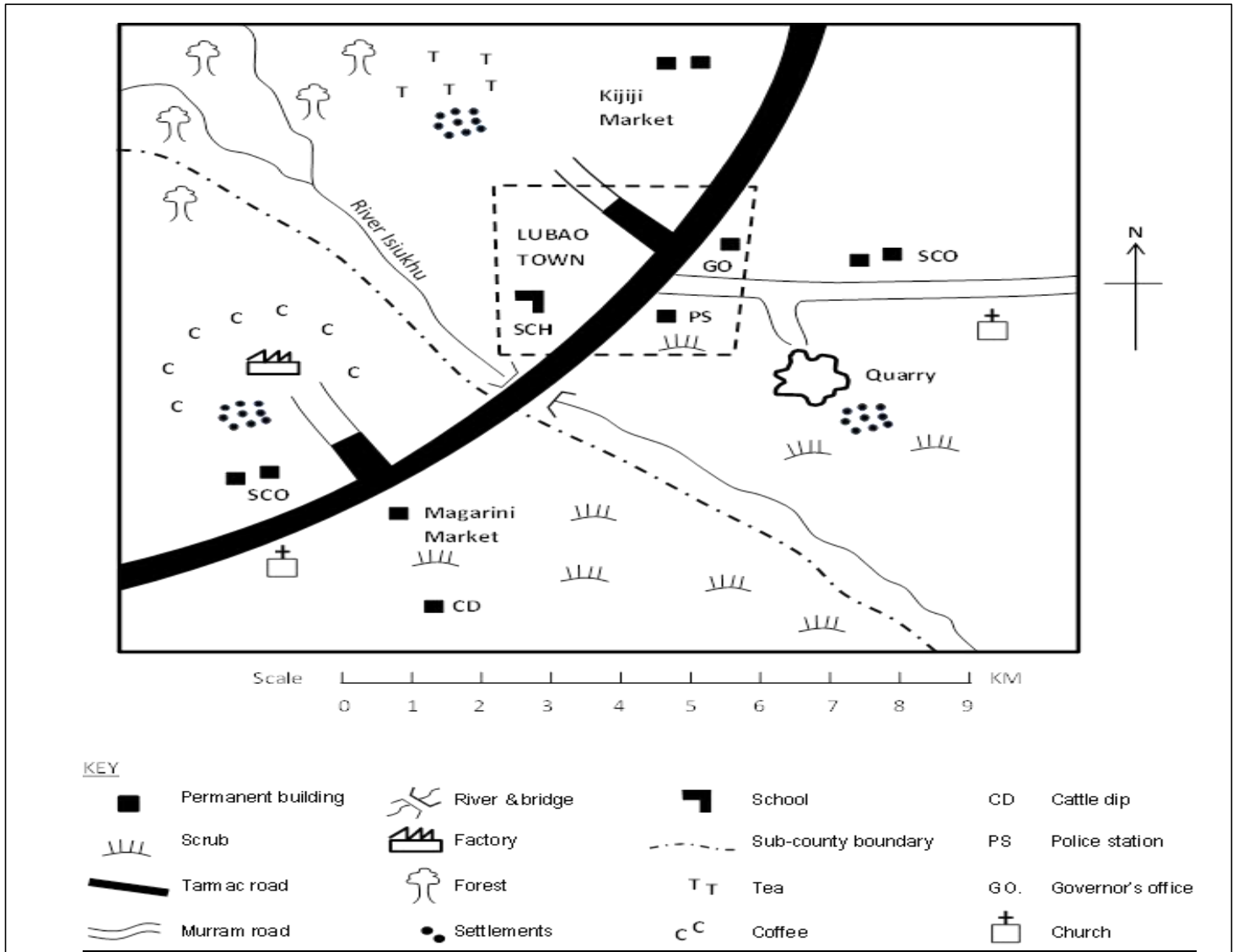
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zenraedicator@gmail.com

STD 6 YEAR – SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

TIME: 2HRS 15MINS

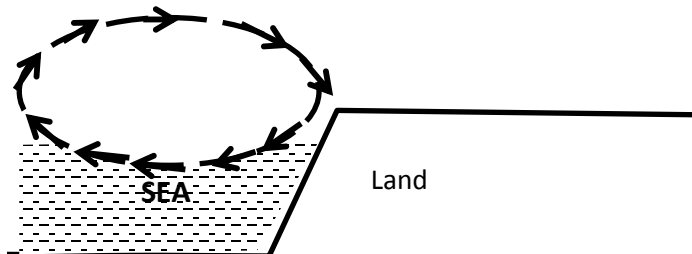
LUBAO AREA



Use the map of Lubao Area below to answer questions 1-7.

1. River Isiukhu flows towards the ____
A. South West B. North West
C. South East D. North East
2. Which of the following social service facility does Lubao area urgently need?
A. School B. Police station
C. Church D. Hospital
3. The climate of the Southern part of Lubao area is ____
A. Hot and wet B. Hot and dry
C. Cool and wet D. Cool and dry
4. Lubao area is likely to be a ____
A. Sub-county B. County
C. Country D. Location
5. The factory in the map is likely to process _
A. Coffee B. Tea
C. Pyrethrum D. Beef
6. Apart from coffee and tea, which other crop can also do well in the North Western part of Lubao area?
A. Sugarcane B. Bananas
C. Maize D. Pyrethrum
7. The type of settlement in Lubao area has been influenced by ____
A. Economic activities B. Transport
C. Climate D. Drainage
8. (i) Abagusii (ii)Aembu (iii)Pokomo
The communities listed above are ____
A. Bantus B. Cushites
C. Semites D. Nilotes
9. Below are responsibilities of children except one. Which one is it?
A. Taking care of family property
B. Respecting other people
C. Serving the community
D. Providing food for the family.
10. A programme of activities that have been planned to take place every day in the school is known as ____
A. A school's daily plan
B. A school routine
C. A school calendar
D. A duty roster.
11. The block mountain found at the boarder of Uganda and the Democratic Republic of Congo is ____
A. Mt. Nyiragongo B. Mt. Elgon
C. Mt. Kilimanjaro D. Mt. Ruwenzori
12. The North Eastern part of Kenya is sparsely populated because ____
A. The area is cold
B. The area has many wild animals
C. The area receives unreliable rainfall
D. The area has a thick forest
13. Which one of the following countries in Eastern Africa is correctly matched with its capital city?

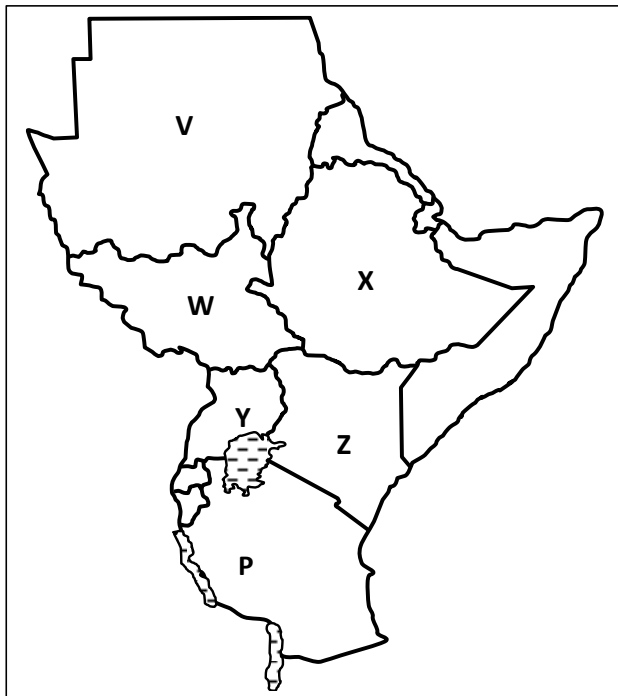
- A. Somalia – Mogadishu
B. Tanzania – Addis Ababa
C. Ethiopia – Khartoum
D. Sudan – Dodoma
14. General elections in Kenya are held every _
A. 2 years B. 4 years
C. 5 years D. 10 years
15. Which one of the following lakes are fresh water lakes only?
A. Tanganyika, Naivasha, Baringo
B. Natron, Bogoria, Elementaita
C. Abaya, Magadi, Nakuru
D. Rukwa, Bogoria, Eyasi
16. The main tourist attraction in Eastern Africa is ____
A. Sandy beaches B. Wildlife
C. Historical sites D. Warm climate
17. Below are characteristics of a type of climate in Eastern Africa.
(i) It has two rainy seasons.
(ii) It has a high mean annual temperature.
(iii) Rainfall is between 800mm and 1100mm per year.
The climate described is ____
A. Subtropical climate
B. Equatorial climate
C. Tropical climate
D. Coastal tropical climate.
18. Which of the vegetation types is found only in coastal areas?
A. Papyrus vegetation
B. Mangrove vegetation
C. Tropical rain forest vegetation
D. Savannah vegetation.
19. Complete the blank box
- | | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|--|
| Keiyo | Nandi | Sabaot | |
|-------|-------|--------|--|
- A. Kipsigis B. Anuak
C. Maasai D. Karamajong
20. The diagram below represents the formation of ____



- A. Convictional rainfall B. Land breeze
C. Water breeze D. Sea breeze
21. The above occurs during the ____
A. Day B. Summer
C. Night D. Winter

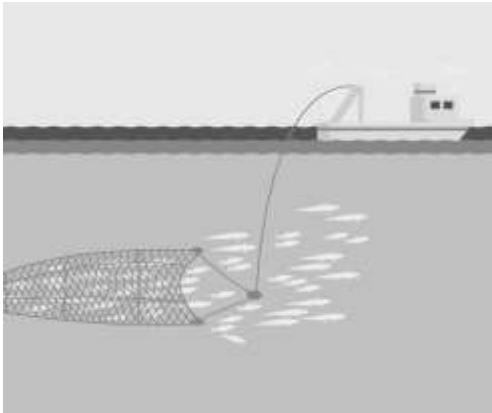
22. Wakiaga, is a talented football player. He is offered citizenship by the South African government so he can play for its national team but he refuses. What does this action say about Wakiaga?
- A. He is selfish
 - B. He is patriotic to his country
 - C. He hates South Africa.
 - D. He is not wise.
23. The main problem facing towns in Eastern Africa is ____
- A. Unemployment B. Street families
 - C. Traffic jams D. Shortage of water
24. Which of the following are electronic means of communication.
- A. Radio and newspapers
 - B. Newspapers and magazines
 - C. Cellphones and newspapers
 - D. Radio and television
25. The main problem facing trade among countries of Eastern Africa is
- A. Lack of a common currency
 - B. Poor means of transport
 - C. Political instability
 - D. Production of similar goods
26. Marine fishing in Kenya is carried out in ____
- A. Lake Victoria B. Lake Tanganyika
 - C. The Indian Ocean D. Lake Turkana
27. The following are needs of a family.
- (i) Education (ii) Shelter
 - (iii) Love (iv) family property
 - (v) Security (vi). Water
- Which one of the following combinations consists of secondary needs only
- A. (i) (ii) (iv) (v) B. (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)
 - C. (i) (ii) (v) (vi) D. (i) (iii) (iv) (v)

Use the map of Eastern Africa below to answer questions 28 to 31



28. Which one of the following statements is true about the lake marked P?
- A. It is a fresh water lake
 - B. It is found on the floor of the Rift Valley.
 - C. it is shared by two countries
 - D. it is a marine fishing ground.
29. Which one of the following countries marked V,W,X,Y is the youngest in Eastern Africa?
- A. V B. X C. W D. Y
30. The country marked Z was colonized by the
- A. Italians B. British
 - C. French D. Germans
31. The staple food for the people of the country marked Y is ____
- A. Maize B. Potatoes
 - C. Rice D. Bananas
32. Which one of the following is the best way of transporting petroleum from Mombasa to Kisumu?
- A. Pipeline D. Water
 - B. Air
33. Kenya's main inland port is ____
- A. Mombasa B. Nakuru
 - C. Kisumu D. Eldoret
34. Which of the following pairs of communities were ruled by kings before the coming of the Europeans?
- A. Baganda and Ameru
 - B. Abawanga and Baganda
 - C. Nyamwezi and Abawanga
 - D. Baganda and Nyamwezi
35. Three of the following are duties of a good citizen. Which one is not?
- A. Arresting people who do not obey the law
 - B. Respecting those in authority
 - C. Being loyal and ready to defend one's country.
 - D. Paying taxes to the government.
36. The first action to take when you find a child who has been raped is to
- A. Take the child to the hospital
 - B. Tell the child not to tell anybody
 - C. Inform the headteacher.
 - D. Inform the chief.
37. Which one of the following conditions may lead to lawlessness in society?
- A. Unemployment among the youth
 - B. Availability of food in the family
 - C. Free primary and secondary education
 - D. Adequate housing facilities.
38. Who among the following is not a member of the county Assembly.
- A. Elected members of the County Assembly
 - B. A Member Representing the Youth

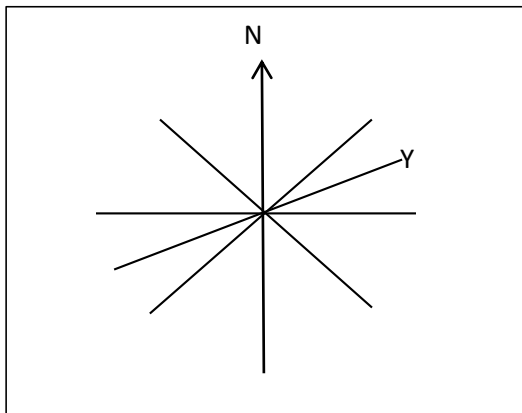
- C. The Speaker
D. The Deputy Governor
39. The best way of encouraging people in Kenya to obey the law is by ____
A. Employing more police officers to enforce the law.
B. Keeping the law breakers in prison.
C. Rewarding people who obey the law
D. Educating people on the importance of obeying the law.
40. Which one of the following is not a service industry?
A. Banking B. Insurance
C. Pottery D. Tourism
41. Cultural artefacts are important mainly because ____
A. They were made in the past.
B. They attract tourists
C. They tell the history of a community
D. They were made by special people.
42. The method of fishing shown in the diagram below is called ____



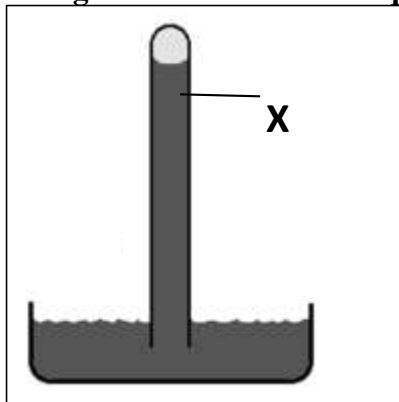
- A. Net drifting B. Purse Seining
C. Trawling D. Long lining
43. Josephine, a standard six girl has been asked by her mother to look after the baby on Friday. Which right has Josephine been denied?
A. Right to leisure
B. Right to education
C. Right to basic needs
D. Right to earn a living
44. The following activities took place in a society.
(i) Participation in games and sports
(ii) Employing people from one community
(iii) Sharing resources equitably
(iv) Participating in cattle rustling
Which one of the following combinations of activities may undermine peace in the society?
A. (i), (ii) B. (i), (iii)
C. (ii), (iii) D. (ii), (iv)
45. The following are arms of the government except _

- A. County Assembly
 - B. Judiciary
 - C. Legislature
 - D. Executive
46. The best way of conserving forest in Kenya is by ____
- A. Educating people on the importance of forests
 - B. Employing more wardens to take care of forests
 - C. Banning charcoal burning
 - D. Fencing forested areas

47. Use the diagram below to answer question



- The point marked Y is ____
- A. North North East
 - B. North North West
 - C. East North East
 - D. West North West.
48. Which one of the following features is the odd one out?
- A. River
 - B. Plateau
 - C. Swamp
 - D. Lake
49. Which one of the following factors has mainly influenced population distribution in the Miombo Woodlands of Tanzania?
- A. Climate
 - B. Drainage
 - C. Pests and diseases
 - D. Relief
50. Use the diagram below to answer questions 50 to 52.



The diagram above shows.

- A. A rain gauge
 - B. A thermometer
 - C. A liquid barometer
 - D. An anemometer
51. The liquid marked X is ____
- A. Mercury
 - B. Alcohol
 - C. Water
 - D. Kerosene
52. The instrument is used to measure ____
- A. Temperature
 - B. Wind speed
 - C. Rainfall
 - D. Air pressure
53. Black cotton soils are suitable for irrigation because ____
- A. They are found in flat areas.
 - B. They are easy to plough
 - C. They do not allow water to pass through easily
 - D. They are fertile and do not need manure.
54. Which one of the following colours of the National flag of Kenya is wrongly matched with its meaning?
- A. Black – the colour of our soil
 - B. White – peace
 - C. Green – our agricultural productivity
 - D. Red – blood shed during the struggle for independence.
55. The current cabinet secretary for Education is called ____
- A. Amina Mohammed
 - B. Fred Matiang'i
 - C. William Ruto
 - D. George Magoha
56. Which one of the following is not a National holiday celebrated in Kenya?
- A. Labour Day
 - B. Jamhuri Day
 - C. Mashujaa Day
 - D. Madaraka Day
57. Which one among the following is not among the Big five?
- A. Lion
 - B. Giraffe
 - C. Leopard
 - D. Elephant
58. The head of the Judiciary in Kenya is the ____
- A. President
 - B. Attorney General
 - C. Speaker
 - D. Chief Justice
59. Kenya is divided into ____ counties.
- A. 47
 - B. 350
 - C. 290
 - D. 68
60. The smallest country in Eastern Africa is ____
- A. Eritrea
 - B. Djibouti
 - C. Kenya
 - D. Tanzania
61. From the book of Genesis, the following statements are true except?
- A. God created man from soil
 - B. Human beings were created last.
 - C. Man was created from woman's rib
 - D. Human beings are in-charge of all the creation.
62. Why did Adam and Eve hide after eating the fruit from the tree of knowledge?
- A. They were afraid of God.

- B. They did not want to be punished.
C. They feared Satan.
D. They had no clothes.
63. Which sign did God give Noah after the floods?
A. Sunshine B. Rainbow
C. Ark D. Rainfall
64. Abraham experienced new life after he;-
A. Married Hagar
B. Was baptized
C. Left Caanan to Haran
D. Left Haran to Caanan
65. Where was Moses living when God called him?
A. Egypt B. Israel
C. Midian D. Jerusalem
66. Why did the Israelites celebrate the Passover annually?
A. To remember their deliverance from Egypt
B. To praise God
C. To remember life in the wilderness
D. To appreciate the life in Egypt
67. Who was the first king of Israel?
A. David B. Saul
C. Ahab D. Solomon
68. Who was led by the Holy spirit to defeat the midianites with 300 soldiers.
A. Samson B. David
C. Gideon D. Saul
69. King Ahab broke three of the following commandments. Which one did he NOT?
A. Do not murder
B. Do not steal
C. Do not accuse falsely
D. Do not covet
70. According to Jesus, the kingdom of God belongs to those who are ____
A. Innocent and humble like children
B. Rich
C. Murders
D. Proud and knowledgeable like the Pharisees
71. Jesus was a refugee in _____
A. Nazareth B. Bethlehem
C. Bethany D. Egypt
72. Who among the following were led by a star to see baby Jesus?
A. Wise men B. Shepherds
C. Angels D. Elders
73. Which one of the following is not a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
A. Faithfulness B. Faith
C. Love D. Joy
74. "Whoever refuses to work is not allowed to eat" who said these.
A. Paul B. Peter C. James D. Jesus
75. Which commandment has a promise?
A. Keep the Sabbath Holy
B. Do not covet

- C. Do not steal
D. Respect your father and mother.
76. The first Christian Martyr of the early church was ____
A. Timon B. Philip
C. Stephen D. Nicanos
77. Which one does not refer to the Holy communion?
A. The Holy mass
B. Eucharist
C. The breaking of the bread
D. Pentecost
78. Three of the following are skills of knowing and living with oneself. Which one is not.
A. Critical thinking
B. Coping with emotions
C. Self – awareness
D. Coping with stress
79. Why was the servant in the parable of the talents punished?
A. He was lazy
B. He did not make use of his talent
C. He was jealous of other servants
D. He insulted his master
80. The man healed by Peter and John at the Beautiful Gate in Jerusalem was:-
A. Mentally handicapped
B. Visually handicapped
C. Physically handicapped
D. Hearing impaired
81. What was the name of the pool to which Jesus sent the blind to wash his face?
A. Gadara B. Lake Galilee
C. Jordan D. Siloam
82. Early believers were first called Christians at
A. Antioch B. Jerusalem
C. Bethlehem D. Jericho
83. The last book in the old testament is-
A. Genesis B. Malachi
C. Mathew D. Revelation
84. The Ethiopian Eunuch was helped to understand the scripture by ____
A. Simon B. Jeremiah
C. Philip D. A priest
85. Which one of the following specialists is found in both Christianity and traditional African society?
A. Witches B. Rainmakers
C. Sorcerers D. Prophets
86. In traditional African society, wealth was measured through all the following EXCEPT?
A. Number of cars
B. Number of children
C. Size of granary
D. Size of land
87. Which one of the following should a Christian do during leisure?
A. Watching cartoons
B. Visiting prisoners

- C. Reading the Bible
 - D. Watching Christian movies
88. Why should we obey our parents
- A. To be understood
 - B. To earn favour
 - C. Because it pleases God
 - D. To get money from them.
89. Why should Christians work?
- A. To be rich
 - B. To earn more money
 - C. Because they are forced
 - D. Because God is a worker.
90. Who was the first missionary to translate the bible into Kiswahili.
- A. Ludwig Krapf
 - B. Johanne Rebman
 - C. Edward Erhadf
 - D. Dr. David Livingstone